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THEATERS—
With Dates of Events.
LOS ANGELES THEATRE—H. G. WYATT, Manager.
TONIGHT—Summer Engagement—Summer Prices—TONIGHT
CARL MARTENS GRAND AND COMIC OPERA COMPANY
TONIGHT The Tuncful LA MASCOTTE
Tomorrow Night with Grand Souvenir Matinee. Orchestra, 50c and 75c; Balcony, 35c and 50c; Gallery, 25c; Bargain Matinee Saturday Prices, 25c and 50c. Tel. Main 70. A GREAT OPERA, A Barrel of Fun.

ORPHEUM—Los Angeles Society Vaudeville Theater.
A warm show in a cool house. Carlin and Clark, German Comedians. Musical Vaudeville, a real novelty. Important engagement of the eminent comedian, Tim Murphy and Company, presenting his character sketch, "Sir Henry Irving Hypnotized." Fanny Wentworth, a terrific hit. Last week of that Talented Sketch Team, Willis and Loretto. Albertus and Bartram, Club Swingers. Katie Rooney, in an entire change, assisted by John Harding, the Eminent Pianist. Prices Never Changing—Evening, reserved seats 25c and 50c; Gallery 10c. Regular matinees Wednesday, Saturday and Sunday.

BURBANK THEATRE—JOHN C. FISHER, Manager. Tel. Main 1270.
WEEK BEGINNING MONDAY, JULY 6.
Regular Matinee Saturday.
"Gloriana," "A Joy Forever."
"Better Than Wilkinson's Widow" and "Jane."—New York Express, Miss Oliver as Gloriana and Mrs. Lomagan as Fitzgibbon. Full strength of present company. Evening Prices, 15c, 25c, 35c, 50c—Matinee Prices, 10c, 25c—Box Seats, 50c.

GRANDS OF MRS. EMELINE CHILDS'S—
Main and Eleventh Streets.
Today. Red Cross Benefit. Today.
THURSDAY AFTERNOON, JULY 7, AT 2:45 P.M.
"As You Like It," Presented by Mms. Modjeska.
Assisted by the Entire Company which supported her during the recent Burbank season. Management of John C. Fisher.
A Charming Place. A Delightful Play. A Splendid Company, and an Enticing Address. This Charity should receive the indorsement and patronage of all. Admission 50c; Reserved Seats 75c and \$1.00. Reserved seats on sale at Burbank Theatre Box Office. Tickets for sale at Red Cross Headquarters, South Broadway.

MUSEMENTS AND ENTERTAINMENTS—
With Dates of Events.
LIVE ALLIGATOR AT SANTA MONICA—
Eleven Feet Long and the Only Man-Eating Alligator on the Pacific Coast.
New Hotel, New Baths, New Bathing Suits.
OSTRICH FARM—South Pasadena—THE LARGEST IN AMERICA.
Nearly 1000 Gigantic Birds of all ages.
An immense stock of Feather Beds, Cases, Tents, etc., for sale at producers' prices. Take Pasadena Electric Cars.
WILSHIRE OSTRICH FARM—12th and Grand Ave.
SEE CHICKS JUST HATCHED.
SUPERB ROUTES OF TRAVEL—
ROUND TRIP 50 CENTS—
..... All Beaches

Southern Pacific Company.
Grand Band Concert on Esplanade at Santa Monica, 2:00 p.m. every Saturday and Sunday by the Celebrated Los Angeles Military Band. Live Alligator at Santa Monica.
SANTA MONICA—
Leave River Station 7:45 a.m. 8:15 a.m. 8:45 a.m. 9:15 a.m. 9:45 a.m. 10:15 a.m. 10:45 a.m. 11:15 a.m. 11:45 a.m. 12:15 p.m. 12:45 p.m. 1:15 p.m. 1:45 p.m. 2:15 p.m. 2:45 p.m. 3:15 p.m. 3:45 p.m. 4:15 p.m. 4:45 p.m. 5:15 p.m. 5:45 p.m. 6:15 p.m. 6:45 p.m. 7:15 p.m. 7:45 p.m. 8:15 p.m. 8:45 p.m. 9:15 p.m. 9:45 p.m. 10:15 p.m. 10:45 p.m. 11:15 p.m. 11:45 p.m. 12:15 a.m. 12:45 a.m. 1:15 a.m. 1:45 a.m. 2:15 a.m. 2:45 a.m. 3:15 a.m. 3:45 a.m. 4:15 a.m. 4:45 a.m. 5:15 a.m. 5:45 a.m. 6:15 a.m. 6:45 a.m. 7:15 a.m. 7:45 a.m. 8:15 a.m. 8:45 a.m. 9:15 a.m. 9:45 a.m. 10:15 a.m. 10:45 a.m. 11:15 a.m. 11:45 a.m. 12:15 p.m. 12:45 p.m. 1:15 p.m. 1:45 p.m. 2:15 p.m. 2:45 p.m. 3:15 p.m. 3:45 p.m. 4:15 p.m. 4:45 p.m. 5:15 p.m. 5:45 p.m. 6:15 p.m. 6:45 p.m. 7:15 p.m. 7:45 p.m. 8:15 p.m. 8:45 p.m. 9:15 p.m. 9:45 p.m. 10:15 p.m. 10:45 p.m. 11:15 p.m. 11:45 p.m. 12:15 a.m. 12:45 a.m. 1:15 a.m. 1:45 a.m. 2:15 a.m. 2:45 a.m. 3:15 a.m. 3:45 a.m. 4:15 a.m. 4:45 a.m. 5:15 a.m. 5:45 a.m. 6:15 a.m. 6:45 a.m. 7:15 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better than inclosed structures for the treatment of wounds at this season of the year. Meanwhile, all is being done in the neighborhood of Santiago to alleviate the suffering. This afternoon came a telegram from Gen. Shafter to the War Department as follows: "In the name of the sick and wounded officers and men under my command, I thank J. W. Mackay for the ice sent you."

Much of the difficulty experienced in supplying the troops on the battlefield still lies in the transportation department. Gen. Shafter has reported that in spite of his appeals, he has received yet only one lighter, the Laura, and this is able, under the best conditions, to carry ashore from the transports supplies for only one day for the army. What might happen in the event of bad weather can be conjectured.

The necessary orders were given during the day to start the Philadelphia for Hawaii, carrying Admiral Miller, with a notice of the action of the United States government, and directing Minister Sewall to take formal possession in the name of the United States. The Hawaiian Legation here has taken steps meanwhile to get the earliest news to Honolulu through telegrams to their Consul at San Francisco, who will dispatch them on the Coptic today.

Major Gen. Miles, accompanied by the entire staff of army headquarters, left tonight for Charleston, S. C., where the party will embark for Santiago. The party consists of Gen. Miles, Gen. J. C. Gilmore, adjutant general of the staff; Gen. Roy Stone, Col. R. Greenleaf, surgeon; Lieut. Col. J. W. Clous, M. C. Maus and A. S. Rowan; Maj. John D. Black and Capt. H. H. Mitteny. At the same time, two quarters' clerks who have been in Tampa, will come north to Charleston and join the party. The start will be made from Charleston on either the Yale or Columbia, which are taking on troops there. It is expected that the party will be at Santiago the early part of next week.

On the eve of his departure Gen. Miles expressed satisfaction on starting to join the troops. He spoke of the sacrifices and hardships they had passed through recently and of those yet to come. Gen. Miles himself has no other purpose in going to Santiago than to look over the military situation and to strengthen the hand of Shafter. There is no intention on his part to take in any manner from the glory that Shafter has won or may win in this campaign. He will not relieve Gen. Shafter of his command unless the latter's physical condition is such as to demand some such action.

The War Department admitted for the first time today that two expeditions, one on the Florida and another on the Florida, had successfully proceeded from Florida ports to points in Central and western Cuba, where large quantities of arms and supplies were landed for Gen. Gomez's command. This is the first time that arms have been sent to Gomez and his men in the western sections, as the first expedition equipped Garcia and his men around Santiago. The Florida and Florida were sent some time ago, but their movements were guarded with the greatest care, in order that a premature publication might not jeopardize the safety of those on board, as well as the delivery of the guns. The time of danger is now passed, however, and the full stock of guns, ammunition and supplies is in the hands of Gen. Gomez's troops.

NEW YORK, July 7.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] A special to the Journal says Miles will take command of the operations before Santiago, relieving Shafter. The general's sudden departure is the result of a conference at the White House today. Miles said, after the conference, that he expected to be in Santiago before the next bombardment, and would witness the surrender. A friend of Shafter's says Miles's appearance at Santiago will be a reflection upon Shafter, but if there is warrant for this feeling, the administration will not admit it.

PEACE PROPOSALS.

Indications That Spanish Honor Has Been Vindicated.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The information of a definite character to indicate that the Spanish government would seek to end the war by the negotiation of a treaty of peace, came to the Navy Department today in a dispatch from Lieut. Colwell, United States naval attaché at Havana. Colwell said Spain would probably sue for peace this week. The text of his advice cannot be obtained, but his report was sufficiently positive to show that he had information of a reliable nature on the subject. He has kept in close touch with affairs at Madrid and elsewhere in Europe through excellent sources, and apparently is in a position to ascertain the inner workings of Spanish politics at this time.

In the dispatch from him today there was another highly important bit of news bearing directly on the matter of peace overtures. Colwell reported that Campos would probably become Prime Minister. The indication is that the Queen Regent intends to carry out her desire to have a coalition of the Cabinet.

TROUBLE WITH CUBANS.

CAMP SIBONEY, Juraque, province of Santiago de Cuba, July 5, by the Associated Press dispatch boat Dandy, via Port Antonio, Jamaica, July 5, by way of Kingston, Jamaica.—Gen. Young, commanding the First Brigade, cavalry division, left here at noon today for Key West in bad health, on board the Cherokee. The general has been suffering from fever, and the doctors advised his leaving, saying he could not recover here. Brig. Gen. Duffield succeeded to his command.

Gen. Young yesterday refused to issue further ration tickets to Cuban unit advisers as received from Washington in answer to his exposé of the situation here. The Cubans refuse to assist in the hospital and medical department, claiming they are soldiers and not laborers. The same answer was given by them to Gen. Baker, when he asked the Cubans to help open the roads for the transportation of supplies to the front.

This together with Gen. Garcia's not preventing the entrance of Gen.

Pando's reinforcements into Santiago de Cuba, has caused discontent among the officers and troops. Gen. Young has reported the situation to the United States government. In the mean while, he has placed the Cubans under a camp under police regulations, and has turned them over to Clara Barton for rations.

SAFE ON THE NEW YORK.

HOBSON AND HIS MEN EXCHANGED FOR SPANISH PRISONERS.

Capt. Chadwick Conducts the Heroes of the Merrimac Across the Lines—Army and Navy Give Demonstrations of Wild Enthusiasm.

[A. P. DAY REPORT. COPYRIGHT, 1898.]

OFF JURAQUE, July 6, evening, by the Associated Press dispatch boat Dandy to Port Antonio, Jamaica, July 6, via Kingston, Jamaica, July 6, by way of Kingston, Jamaica.—The ship Merrimac, with him, sailed the collier Merrimac into the harbor of Santiago de Cuba on June 3 last, and sunk her there. The ship was captured by the Spanish military authorities. In exchange for prisoners captured by the American forces.

Hobson and his men were escorted through the American lines by Capt. Chadwick of the New York, who was waiting for them. Every step of their journey was marked by the wildest demonstrations on the part of the American soldiers, who threw aside all semblance of order, and ran to the front, shouting and cheering for the men who had passed safely through the jaws of death to serve their country.

The same scenes of enthusiasm were repeated upon the arrival of the men at the hospital station and our base at Juraque. Hobson, who reached there in advance of his companions, was taken on board the New York immediately. The flag ship's deck was lined with officers and men, and as the collier clambered up her side and stepped on board her vessel, the harbor rang with the shouts and cheers of his comrades, which were responded to by the crews of a dozen transports lying near by.

Hobson had little to say in regard to his experiences, except that he and his companions had been well treated by the Spaniards, and that they were in excellent health. The Spanish authorities consented this morning to exchange Hobson and his men, and a truce was established for the purpose. The place selected for the exchange was under a tree between the American and Spanish lines, two miles from the front, where the two parties met.

The American prisoners left the Reina Mercedes Hospital on the outskirts of the city, where they had been confined, at 2:45 o'clock this morning, in charge of Maj. Irela, a Spanish staff officer, who speaks English perfectly. The prisoners were conducted to the meeting place on foot, but were blindfolded. Col. Jacob Astor and Lieut. Milroy, accompanied by Interchange Masters, went in charge of the Spanish prisoners. These consisted of Lieut. Amelio-Volez and Aurelius, a German belonging to the Twenty-ninth Regular Infantry, who was captured at El Caney on Friday last, and Lieut. Adolph Aries of the First Provisional of Barcelona, one of the most aristocratic military organizations of the Spanish army, and fourteen non-commissioned officials and a private. The Spanish prisoners were taken through the American lines mounted on horses, and the meeting between Col. Astor and Maj. Irela was extremely courteous, but very formal, and no attempt was made by either of them to discuss anything but the matter in hand.

Maj. Irela was given his choice of three lieutenants in exchange for Hobson, and was informed that he could have all of the fourteen men in exchange for the American soldiers. The Spanish officer selected Lieut. Aries, and the two other lieutenants were conducted back to Juraque. It was then not later than 4 o'clock, and just as everything was finished and the two parties were about to turn and go, Irela turned and said courteously, but in a tone which indicated considerable defiance, "I have heard the impression that he desired hostilities to be renewed at once: 'Our understanding is, gentlemen, that this truce is for the purpose of exchanging prisoners, and nothing more.' Col. Astor looked at his watch, bowed to the Spanish officer without making a word, and then started back to the American lines with Hobson and his companions. The meeting of the two parties and the exchange of prisoners had taken place in full view of both the American and Spanish soldiers, who were entrenched near the meeting place, and the keenest interest was taken in the episode.

THE HERO TALKS.

JURAQUE, July 7.—The reception to Hobson and his little command when they arrived at the first American entrenchments was simply overwhelming. Soldiers who had never seen any of the released prisoners of war before were so boisterous in their greetings that they could not be restrained by their officers. The cheering soldiers literally fell upon Hobson and his comrades. Hobson, as far as possible, grasped each hand extended toward him, and neither he nor his men made any protest against the most uncomfortable crowding and jostling which they had to undergo.

At Gen. Wheeler's headquarters they were met by Capt. Chadwick of the New York, and a naval escort from the flagship. The escort had brought a change of clothing and new uniforms for Hobson and all his men, and they were given a short respite to change their apparel. Hobson was then given a horse to ride over the trail, and his men were taken into an army ambulance. Before leaving for the front, Lieut. Hobson had an interview with Gen. Shafter.

To the correspondent of the Associated Press, Gen. Hobson declined to talk of his adventure on the Merrimac, stating that he must first make his report to Admiral Sampson, but as to his experience, he said that the conditions were extremely uncomfortable, and that the Spaniards did not exactly ill-treat us, but it took them some time to recover from the shock caused by what the most of them considered our Yankee impudence in trying to block their harbor.

As a rule, the officers and men who came into contact with us were gruff in speech and sullen in manner. For Admiral Cervera, I have nothing but the highest admiration. His act in informing Admiral Sampson of our safety, I regard as that of a kind-hearted, generous man and a brave officer. He repeatedly spoke to me of his admiration for what he called one of the most daring acts in naval history, though I am sure we were not entitled to the commendation we received, for there were hundreds of other men in our ships who would have been glad to undertake to do the same thing. "While we were in Moro Castle, we were naval prisoners, but at the end of four days we were taken to the jurisdiction of the army, and were removed to the Reina Mercedes Hospital on the outskirts of Santiago, where we remained until today. We knew but little of what was going on in the city, though, of course, we could always tell when our feet were being hauled the shore batteries, and we could easily distinguish the terrific explosions caused by the Vesuvius throwing dynamite into the air. The night we were also fully aware that the land batteries were fighting outside the city. The little information the Spaniards would give us could not be relied upon.

"One thing that I found out in the hospital was that at least an enemy Spanish officer was wounded in last Friday's fight, for many were brought to the hospital to be treated. Numbers of badly-slain men were lying in the hospital windows, but I do not believe any one was injured by them. Our quarters there were very clean and comfortable, and the food was fairly good.

"In fact, I have no reason to complain of our treatment. Several times the Spaniards showed against us during the first few days some away. We conducted ourselves properly, and simply forced them to treat us well."

FOOT AGAINST FORT.
Feature of the American's Capture of El Caney.

[A. P. EARLY MORNING REPORT. COPYRIGHT, 1898.]

BEFORE SANTIAGO, Tuesday, July 5, via Port Antonio, Kingston, July 5, by way of Kingston, Jamaica.—The assault upon and capture of El Caney by his division during the first day of the fighting, says: "It may not be out of place to call attention to this peculiar feature of the battle, which was fought in a compact town of stone and concrete houses, some with walls several feet thick and supported by a number of stone fortifications. About midnight last night nearly every man was killed or wounded with a seemingly desperate resolution."

Capt. Carbaugh, adjutant-general, says he is not known whether the troops at El Caney will always have a place in history, as an illustration of a successful assault upon a fortified town by foot soldiers.

SINKING THE MERRIMAC.

Hobson Breaks Silence to the New York Herald.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

NEW YORK, July 8.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] A Herald special from Santiago, July 6, via Port Antonio, July 7, says that after Lieut. Hobson had made his official report to Sampson tonight, he consented to talk about his experience in sinking the Merrimac. Up to this time he had strenuously declined to make any allusion to that expedition. He does not fully realize the sensation that the exploit created. He speaks in glowing terms of the courage and bravery of the crew.

"We have been thirty-three days in a Spanish prison," said Mr. Hobson, "and the more I think about it the more marvelous it seems that we are alive. It was 3 o'clock in the morning when the Merrimac entered the narrow channel and steamed in under the guns of Moro. The stillness of death prevailed. It was so dark that we could scarcely see the headland. We had planned to drop the starboard anchor a certain point to the right of the channel, reverse the engines, and then swing the Merrimac around, sinking her directly across the channel."

"The plan was adhered to, but the circumstances rendered its execution impossible. When the Merrimac passed her nose into the channel, our troubles commenced. The deadly silence was broken by the wash of a small boat approaching us from the shore. I made her out to be a picket boat. She ran close under the stern of the Merrimac and fired several shots from what seemed to be 3-pound guns. The Merrimac's rudder was carried away by this fire. This is why the collier was not sunk across the channel. We did not discover the loss of the rudder until Murphy cast anchor. We then found the Merrimac would not answer the helm, and were compelled to make the best of the situation."

"The run up the channel was very exciting. The picket boat had given the alarm, and in a moment the guns of the Vizcaya, Almirante Oquendo and of the shore batteries were turned upon us. Submarine mines and torpedoes were exploded all about us, adding to the excitement. The mines did no damage, although we could hear a rumbling and could feel the ship tremble. We were running without lights, and only darkness saved us from utter destruction."

"When the ship was in the desired position and we found the rudder gone, I called the men on deck. While they were launching the catamaran I touched off the explosives. At the same moment two torpedoes, fired by the Reina Mercedes, struck the Merrimac amidship. I cannot say whether our own explosives or Spanish torpedoes did the work, but the Merrimac was lifted out of the water and almost rent asunder."

"As she settled down we scrambled aboard and cut away the catamaran. A great cheer was given for the forts and warships as the hull of the collier foundered, the Spaniards thinking that the Merrimac was an American warship."

"We attempted to get out of the harbor in the catamaran, but a strong tide was running, and daylight found us still struggling in the water. Then for the first time the Spaniards saw us, and a boat from the Reina Mercedes picked us up. It was shortly after 5 o'clock in the morning, and we had been in the water for more than an hour. We were taken aboard the Reina Mercedes, and later were sent to Moro Castle. They did not do much for comfort of any of the prisoners at first, but after our army had taken some of their men as prisoners our treatment was better."

"After the bombardment, Ramsden, the British Consul, protested, and we were removed to the hospital. There I was separated from the other men in our crew and could speak only by special permission. Montague and Kelly fell ill two weeks ago, suffering from malaria, and I was permitted to visit them twice. Ramsden was very kind to us, and demanded that Montague and Kelly be removed to better quarters in the hospital. This was done."

RED CROSS NEEDS.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

NEW YORK, July 7.—The following cablegram was received today by Stephen Barton from Miss Clara Barton: "SIBONEY, July 6, via Playa del Este.—Came from Shafter's front in the night for food and clothing for refugees, who are leaving Santiago by the thousands, starving and naked. The State of Texas has gone to Port Antonio for ice to save her meat; will return tomorrow. Are sending supplies to refugees; all we can, from both camps, by army wagons and pack mules. It is nearly impossible to get anything but high tides, no docks, surf terrific; our ship's yawls cannot stand in surf. Have mended one of the broken flatboats which our men construct ashore in the surf. No transportation. Horses and packers' tent would be helpful. Wounded men taken from our operating tents are laid on grass, get without blankets or shelter from rain or sun. As others die, their clothing is taken to put on the naked, get them down to Siboney, ten miles over roads that upset army wagons. Mrs. Gardner, myself and whole working force of the Red Cross are in direct range of the sharpshooters. Lesser and the nurses are doing splendid work at Siboney. The men are as brave as lions. Shatter is doing wisely and humanely; doing all he can. We return to the front at once." [Signed] "CLARA BARTON."

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FOOT AGAINST FORT.

Feature of the American's Capture of El Caney.

[A. P. EARLY MORNING REPORT. COPYRIGHT, 1898.]

BEFORE SANTIAGO, Tuesday, July 5, via Port Antonio, Kingston, July 5, by way of Kingston, Jamaica.—The assault upon and capture of El Caney by his division during the first day of the fighting, says: "It may not be out of place to call attention to this peculiar feature of the battle, which was fought in a compact town of stone and concrete houses, some with walls several feet thick and supported by a number of stone fortifications. About midnight last night nearly every man was killed or wounded with a seemingly desperate resolution."

Capt. Carbaugh, adjutant-general, says he is not known whether the troops at El Caney will always have a place in history, as an illustration of a successful assault upon a fortified town by foot soldiers.

REINA MERCEDES SUNK.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, July 7.—Admiral Sampson has telegraphed the Navy Department as follows from his flagship, New York, off Santiago de Cuba, dated today: "About midnight last night the Reina Mercedes was seen by the Massachusetts, which vessel had a searchlight on the channel, coming out of the harbor of Santiago. The Massachusetts and Texas opened fire and the Spanish vessel was sunk opposite Estrella Cove. A man, whom I think was the intention to sink her in the channel and thus block the harbor entrance. If so this plan was defeated by the fire of the ships, as she lies on the edge of the shore."

THE REINA MERCEDES.

[A. P. EARLY MORNING REPORT. COPYRIGHT, 1898.]

HEADQUARTERS OF GEN. SHAFER, Tuesday, July 5, by Associated Press dispatch boat Dandy, via Port Antonio and Kingston, Jamaica, July 6, 8 p. m.—The destruction of the Spanish cruiser Reina Mercedes last night (Monday) accounts for the last ship of Admiral Cervera's once splendid squadron.

Just after midnight she was seen drifting slowly out of the narrow channel. In a moment the feet were ablaze with signals, and almost instantly an awful hail of shells was hammering down upon her. It is not known whether she returned the fire, but the shore batteries opened and one 6-inch shell fell on the Indiana's forward deck, exploding beneath the mainmast. The explosion in the men's sleeping-room, but all were at quarters and no one was hurt. No other American ship was hit.

ADRIAN DE LA ROSA.

MADRID, July 7, 11 a. m.—The Spanish version of the sinking of the warship Alfonso XII is that she was chased by three American warships. The Reina Mercedes was captured by the Reina Mercedes, and that her commander purposefully ran her ashore in order to avoid capture. The official reports add that the Reina Mercedes was shot at by the Alfonso XII, and that the ship is a complete loss. It is further stated that the crew of the cruiser and "passengers" were saved. A dispatch from Santiago de Cuba says 140 of the sailors who belonged to Admiral Cervera's squadron have reached Santiago de Cuba.

CERVERA ON THE IOWA.

[A. P. DAY REPORT. COPYRIGHT, 1898.]

HEADQUARTERS OF GEN. SHAFER, Tuesday, July 5, by the Associated Press dispatch boat Dandy, via Port Antonio and Kingston, Jamaica, July 6, 8 p. m.—Admiral Cervera, who was transferred from the Gloucester to the battleship Iowa, is being treated with every consideration. In his interview today he stated he was ordered to leave the harbor, but refused to say from whom the orders came. Today the sinking of the Spanish ship in the naval battle is placed at 1200 killed and 1500 captured, against which stands an American loss of one killed and one wounded. Dr. Williams says a large number of cases in his fever hospital, but there is not the slightest indication of yellow fever, most cases being malarial in type and measles.

SPANISH PRIZE.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

KEY WEST, July 7.—The small Spanish schooner Gallito, loaded with lumber, chickens, pigs and provisions of various kinds, has been captured by the United States cutter Albatross, and she brought in here today. The capture was effected on Tuesday last, east of Cape Pogo, Isle of Pines.

NO SECOND YET ANOTHER.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, July 7.—The War Department has received a telegram from Gen. Shafter's headquarters stating that the auxiliary cruiser Osceola had captured a Spanish lighter laden with provisions and valued at \$50,000.

BATTERIES RUSHED FORWARD.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, July 7.—With a view of giving Gen. Shafter the benefit of the heaviest artillery, orders were issued today for the immediate departure of four more heavy batteries for Tampa, for transportation to Santiago by the auxiliary cruiser Osceola. The Seventh Artillery, at Willets Point; D of the Fourth Artillery, at Fort McHenry, Md., and H and K of the Second, at Fort Mifflin, Pa., are being brought in here today. The capture was effected on Tuesday last, east of Cape Pogo, Isle of Pines.

FOR PATRIOTIC GERMAN.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

INDIANAPOLIS, July 7.—The Hon. Albert Lieber of this city has issued an appeal to the German-Americans of the United States to present the government with a modern up-to-date vessel to be named the Teutonic. Gen. New York, Indianapolis, Milwaukee and St. Louis are named as suitable points to organize this patriotic work.

AN UNNECESSARY DENIAL.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, July 7.—Secretary Long today specifically and absolutely denied the report of a friction between the army and navy.

WAR MUST GO ON.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

MADRID, July 7.—A Minister declared after the Cabinet meeting today that in view of the destruction of the Spanish fleet the war must be continued. Spain is accused of cowardice.

NEWS SINCE MIDNIGHT.

[Under this heading are printed the very latest exclusive dispatches, being the cream of the war news in the New York morning newspapers of today, which is wired from that city about 5 a. m., reaching The Los Angeles Times about 2 a. m.]

WILL TRY FOR PEACE.

SPAIN'S FRIENDS HAVE "HINTED" TO SOME PURPOSE.

This Government States Conditions Under Which Cessation of Hostilities Would Be Considered, France the Peacemaker-in-Chief.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

NEW YORK, July 8.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] A special to the Journal from Washington says Spain is beginning to make prospective negotiations for peace. Two weeks ago her friends cast out hints as to the desirability of a cessation of hostilities. Those hints were repeated today with slightly more emphasis. A prompt reply was made that the United States, provided Spain made her overtures at once, would accept peace on these conditions:

1. Prompt evacuation of Cuba by the Spanish army, so that Cubans may have an opportunity of establishing a stable government.
2. Permanent possession of Porto Rico by the United States.
3. Coaling station in the Canary Islands.
4. Indefinite retention of the Philippines to insure payment of an indemnity which the United States will decide upon.

WILL BOMBARD SATURDAY.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

NEW YORK, July 8.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] A Journal special from Washington says the War Department announced shortly after midnight that Sampson will begin the bombardment of Santiago Saturday noon. He will approach the shore as closely as possible, and with his eight, ten and thirteen-inch guns will throw shells into the town itself.

This is the result of a conference held between Sampson and Shafter yesterday. The compromise plan contemplates the destruction of the city by the navy. The army is to remain quiescent while Sampson tries his experiment. Sampson has examined the ground thoroughly and believes he can reach the city from the sea with his big guns.

A Herald special also states that a combined attack will take place Saturday noon, and by that time Shafter will have 3500 additional troops, which will bring his allied forces up to about 28,000 available fighting men. Linares will have about 19,000 men to oppose our army, including the recent reinforcement of 7000, which does not include Pando's Manzanillo troops of 4000. They have not yet succeeded in getting to Santiago. The troops that did arrive were from Guantanamo and Holquin, therefore Linares may inside the city have about 15,000 men. Of forty-eight hours have a total of 23,000. There are still about 12,000 Spaniards in the province which cannot be utilized for this encounter.

WANTED A PRETEXT.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

NEW YORK, July 8.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] A World's Washington special says the information has come to the President that Spain will enter into direct peace negotiations within a week. It is known that Sagasta has been looking for a pretext to propose peace, and has been deterred only by the fear of the Spanish people, who certainly would have revolted had negotiations been pending while Spain had a fleet on this side of the Atlantic. Under the present conditions it is held in diplomatic circles that Spain has been coerced into suing for peace. It is reliably stated that Spain will be permitted to outline what she considers equitable terms.

It is said that in all the movements toward the solution of the problem, France has been the prime mover in coercing Spain to take a definite action; that country being actuated solely, however, by large financial holdings which are depreciating every day. The other European powers have indicated to Spain the time for peace is at hand.

A London special to the World says Spain will ask for an armistice by the end of this week.

WILL STOP FRICTION.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

NEW YORK, July 8.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The Times Washington special attributes Gen. Miles's tardiness in getting to Santiago to Alger's hospitality to him and the desire of the Secretary of War to let Shafter have all the credit that was to come out of the campaign.

A Journal special says that Miles's departure will have a tendency to stop friction in the War Office between the commanding general and the Secretary. The remarkable feature of the military service since the war began lies in the fact that the desires and plans of the head of the army have been successfully interrupted. Miles will have powers in Cuba second only to those of the President. It is believed in Washington army circles that Linares may evacuate Santiago in the night and take to the mountains.

HAPPY-GO-LUCKY.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

NEW YORK, July 8.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Capt. Paget, of the royal navy, the accredited attaché of the British government, observing this campaign, commenting on the condition of affairs before Santiago, said today:

"This is a most glorious, happy-go-lucky campaign. It interests me because it is so different from anything I ever saw. I like it, because if you can

accomplish what you want with a total lack of any arrangements in the army, what is the use of having arrangements?"

SHAFER'S WORD WENT.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

BEFORE SANTIAGO, July 8.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Notwithstanding the terms of the truce the Spaniards have gone on strengthening the earthworks destroyed by the American fire. As soon as this was known, Shafter was notified, and he sent word immediately to the Spanish commander that unless they stopped work he would open fire. This had the proper effect, except at isolated points, where the threat was ignored.

MONET'S TROOPS SURRENDER.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

MANILA, June 30, via Hongkong, July 6.—Gen. Monet's troops, some eight hundred, have surrendered, giving up their arms to the rebels. The captives were taken to Cavite. Monet escaped with August's family, who had a passport from Aguinaldo. He was disguised as a woman, leaving his troops starving.

SAMPSON HELPLESS.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

NEW YORK, July 8.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] A Herald special from the fleet off Santiago says that Sampson has informed Shafter that he must depend upon him to make a strong assault upon Moro. It will be impossible for the fleet to send boats in the harbor to remove the mines, as there are 6000 Spanish riflemen stationed in the hills near the beach.

PRISONERS' STORIES.

Our Ships Admired—Spanish Troops Nearly Captured.

[A. P. DAY REPORT. COPYRIGHT, 1898.]

GUANTANAMO, Monday, July 4, per the Associated Press dispatch boat Dandy, via Kingston (Jamaica), July 6, 8 p. m.—[Delayed in transmission.] The steamer Resolute arrived today with 608 prisoners, including eighteen of the officers and crew of the Spanish cruiser Cristobal Colon. The disposition of the prisoners has not yet been decided. The number of killed and wounded on the Cristobal Colon was very small. Officers of the American vessels which were in pursuit of her say that it was a quick and easy matter to get the Cristobal Colon should be compelled to surrender, or run ashore, they ceased firing on her, and only three of her crew were killed (all sailors), and thirteen were wounded.

Before running their ship ashore and hoisting the white flag, the Spaniards opened the Kingston valves on board the Colon, and threw overboard the breech-blocks of every gun, including those of the Mauser rifles. The captured Spaniards were remarkably cheerful. The officers say they had nothing to eat for twenty-four hours before the surrender, and in order to get the men to their posts, large amounts of liquor were given out. Many of the captured sailors still showed signs of drink when put on board the Resolute.

The Spanish officers say the order to sail was given by the Ministry of Marine at Madrid

A CAP AT HONOLULU

ANNEXATION OF THE ISLANDS

CHANGES ARMY PLANS.

All Troops at San Francisco May Be

Moved to Our Little Outposts

In the Sea.

SAVING OF TIME TO MANILA.

HOSPITAL SHIP DESIRED FOR THE

PHILIPPINES.

New Commissioners and Quartermasters Detailed—The City of

Puebla Comes Off the Docks.

The Peru Ready.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

SAN FRANCISCO, July 7.—Annexation

of Hawaii will probably cause a

change in Gen. E. S. Otis's plans for

transporting troops to Manila. It has

been suggested that all the forces en-

camped in this city be removed as

speedily as possible to Honolulu, where

a camp may be established. Trans-

ports would then be between Manila

and Honolulu, saving two weeks, which

would be consumed by the round jour-

ney from Hawaii to California. The

United States may send a body of

troops to Hawaii to support the new

civil authorities, and to garrison the

island.

Maj. George P. Scriven of the Signal

Corps has been ordered to go to Ma-

nila on the Peru, and report to Gen.

Merritt. Capt. C. D. Coudert, com-

missary of subsistence, has been or-

dered to go on the Peru as assistant

to Lieut.-Col. D. L. Brainerd, chief

commissary.

The following officers have been de-

tailed as commissary, quartermaster,

commissary-sergeant and quartermas-

ter-sergeant to accompany the troops

soon to embark on the steamer Rio

de Janeiro, destined for the Philippine

Islands, viz.: First Lieut. Charles H.

Martin, Fourteenth United States In-

fantry, as commissary and quartermas-

ter; Regimental Quartermaster

Sergeant George W. F. Sturley, as

quartermaster-sergeant; Corporal Olaf

Aire, Co. G, Fourteenth United States

Infantry, as commissary sergeant.

The Red Cross Society of California

is exerting every effort to have a hos-

pital ship sent to Manila to take care

of the wounded and sick of the

troops which have been ordered there.

It is suggested by the committee in

charge of the work that some of the

wooden vessels now at Mare Island be

used for this service.

The following telegram has been sent

to the Governors of the different States

regarding the plan: "The California

Red Cross State Association, after the

fullest investigation, is impressed with

the great need of a hospital ship at

the Philippines. Kindly urge by tele-

graph the immediate cooperation of the

Senators and Representatives of your

State to accomplish this end, with the

administration. All Governors of

States furnishing troops for the islands

will receive a copy of this telegram,

also the President and Secretaries of

Navy and War."

AMERICAN CASUALTIES.

Recapitulation of the Losses

Before Santiago.

[A. P. DAY REPORT. COPYRIGHT, 1898.]

BEFORE SANTIAGO DE CUBA,

July 5, 5 p. m., per the Associated

Press dispatch boat Dandy, via King-

ston, Jamaica, July 6, 5 p. m.—The fol-

lowing is a recapitulation of the cas-

ualties of the United States forces be-

fore Santiago:

Gen. Lawton's division, officers killed,

4; wounded, 14; men killed, 74; wounded,

317; missing, 1.

Gen. Bates's Independent Brigade,

consisting of the Third Infantry,

the Twentieth Infantry and the

were entertained by the citizens of

Honolulu. The expedition sailed for

Manila on the 24th.

Sergeant George Geddes, Co. C, First

Nebraska Infantry, died at sea aboard

the transport Senator June 21 of cere-

bro-spinal meningitis. He was buried

at sea the same day with military

honors. The ships of the fleet were

brought to, with troops up on

deck, while the body was committed to

the deep. Geddes was about 22 years

of age. His home was in Beatrice,

where his parents reside upon the

Co. D, Nebraska Volunteers, died here

on the 25th. A combination attack of

typhoid fever and measles was the

cause of death. The funeral took

place from the Central Union Church,

and was attended by the best people in

this city.

The U. S. S. Monterey and the collier

Brutus arrived from San Diego on the

24th inst. They left the latter port

on the 11th. The Monterey experienced

a heavy northwest swell nearly all the

way. She ran under her own steam

until the 19th, when the Brutus took

her in tow. The tow line parted this

night, but was picked up and the

following morning. The Brutus contin-

ued to tow for several days. The Mon-

terey reached port with about twenty

tons of coal in her bunkers. Her offi-

cers are high in their praise of her sea

behavior, and declare that contrary to

expectations the quarters of both

vessels were kept thoroughly dry.

The Monterey recoiled here, and was

ready to start yesterday morning. Her

departure was delayed by the Brutus,

whose engine required an overhauling.

Both vessels left for Manila today.

Previous to his departure, the captain

of the Brutus purchased several sur-

boats, and engaged a number of Ha-

waiians to man them. The boats will

be used at sea when necessary to

transfer coal to the Monterey.

Ensign T. R. Wall, U. S. N., of Port-

land, Or., now on the Brutus, found

that his arrival here had been

been forwarded which raised him to

the rank of lieutenant.

CAPT. GRIDLEY'S ASHES.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 7.—The

steamer Rio de Janeiro arrived here

today from Hongkong and Yokohama

via Honolulu. The vessel left Hong-

kong June 18. She will be unloaded

and turned over to the government for

use as a transport vessel in a few

days. She is in fairly good condition,

but little is required to fit her for

the service required of her by the

government.

On board the Rio is an urn contain-

ing the ashes of Capt. C. V. Gridley of

the U. S. S. Olympia. The urn and the

effects of Capt. Gridley will be shipped

to Mrs. Gridley at once.

SENSATION AT CAMP.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

OAKLAND, July 7.—A sensation was

caused at Camp Barrett today by the

refusal of Col. M. from Woodland, to

be mustered into the United States vol-

unteer service under Wood's appoint-

ment of George Baldwin to succeed A.

A. Ward as captain was revoked. Bal-

dwin, who is a major in the old Eight

Regiment, is now a police sergeant in

San Francisco. Ward was instrumental

in organizing the company and is very

popular.

When Capt. Murray, the mustering

officer, called on the company, in the

evening of this day, he found that

he had been refused and announced that

he had refused to be mustered in under

the commanding officer chosen by the

company. The governor has ordered

the men individually, but only three

responded. Four others announced

their lives. This, Dalsell of Pennsylv-

ania, thinks the House will not in-

dorse.

SHAFER'S ATTACKS.

Story of San Juan Hill and El

Caney Retold.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

HAVANA, July 7.—At noon, July 1,

two American columns of 6000 men each

made a simultaneous attack upon San

Juan Hill, near Santiago de Cuba,

which was defended by 10,000 Spanish

soldiers, and upon El Caney, a small

town near Santiago de Cuba, garrisoned

by 450 soldiers.

The Americans attacked with heavy

artillery and at the same time the

American fleet bombarded Agarderos

beach. The Americans took possession

of San Juan Hill and El Caney after a

resistance upon the part of the Span-

iards. The highest loss of the Span-

ish loss was 100 men at El Caney

and 400 at San Juan Hill. Among the

Spanish losses were two officers and

twenty-five soldiers killed, and the

wounded included Gen. Linares and

twenty-six superior officers, among

them being Col. Ordones and Col.

Gauta and 200 soldiers and seven offi-

cers. At El Caney Gen. Vara del Rey

was seriously wounded and has since

died.

July 2 the Americans attacked the

Spanish positions at San Antonio,

Canora and Guayabito. The Spaniards

defended them tenaciously, and did not

abandon the positions until the Span-

iards repelled an insurgent attack at

the same time, and the American fleet

bombarded the fortifications of Moro,

Zucacas and Sagua. The Spanish army

lost 1000 men, and the American army

lost 400 men, and four severely

wounded, and 1000 men were

wounded. The Spanish navy lost three

men killed of the crew of the Reina

Mercedes, and six of her crew were

wounded. The Spanish navy lost

second Lieut. Pina of the navy and one

sailor were wounded.

During the fighting on July 1, Capt.

Bustamante, commander of the

automatic torpedo boat, was wounded.

At 10 o'clock the morning of July

5 the chief of the city of Santiago

sent an emissary to the

Gen. Toral, the Spanish commander,

asking him to uphold order. The

Spanish sent back was that the Span-

ish were ready to repel energetically any

aggressive movement. Capt. Gen. Blanco

has approved of the Spanish position

at Santiago and was repulsed.

The Spaniards had one officer and six

soldiers killed, and 1000 men were

wounded. The Spanish navy lost

seventy soldiers wounded. Col. Es-

carillo's column of 3600 men had twenty

killed and 1500 wounded while march-

ing from Manzanillo to the front. The

American ships have tried to capture

at Punta Niquoro, province of Santi-

ago, the Spanish gunboat Centenario.

The latter was captured and is being

damaged about her engine, on the

port side. Her commander sank her in

a swampy purpose, and he crew were

in the act of setting her on fire. They

are now repairing her. The Spaniards

lost one coal-passer killed.

The Spaniards have been sent

through the Madrid government a

protest to all the European and American

governments against the decision of

the Madrid government to allow the

city of Santiago, thereby violating all

humanitarian and international laws.

Admiral Cervera has telegraphed to

the United States government, saying

that after an unequal combat the Span-

ish were totally defeated.

Capt. Gen. Blanco has addressed the

people of the island of Cuba, saying

ground outside the tents. Surgeons

and nurses worked for hours without

rest or meals, and there are 200

wounded yet to come from the field.

The hospital corps is short-handed,

and doctors from the vessels of the

BRICK BLOCKS BURN.

CORNING LOSES MUCH VALUABLE BUSINESS PROPERTY.

IFRE Supposed to Have Started in a Barn Sweeps Quickly Through the Town.

INCENDIARY IN ITS ORIGIN.

LOSSES ABOUT ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS.

Collier Mead Suspended from Office. Sutter City Merchant Killed Himself—Warmer at an Almshouse. Utica Mine Repairs.

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tributed among pensioners, \$10,466; salaries and expenses, \$12,173. The report of the Committee on Denominationalism recommended the appointment of a committee "to invite an informal conference of leading representatives of other denominations, and to unite with these brethren in calling a formal conference to promote Christian fellowship; not to found a Committee on Creed, or a Political, but to secure practical cooperation on the basis of existing differences."

ELI S. DENISON DEAD. Was State Senator and also Railroad News Agent.

OAKLAND, July 7.—State Senator Eli S. Denison died at his home here at 6 o'clock this afternoon of general debility. For months his health had been poor and his death was not unexpected. The deceased was a close friend of the late Senator Stanford, and for thirty years controlled the news service on the Central and Southern Pacific Railroad.

He was born in Oneonta, county, New York, in 1837, and was educated in Monroe Academy, Elbridge, N. Y. At the age of 20 years he began railroading on the New York Central, and in 1849 went to Nicaragua as superintendent of road construction. Thence he went to California and engaged in mining and railroad work for several years, being employed on the Sacramento Valley Railroad and the Central Pacific, becoming general news agent of the latter line in June, 1869.

He was prominent in Republican politics; was four times elected to the State Senate and was delegate to several national conventions. He leaves a widow, formerly Mrs. Celia F. Sloper, a stepson, Harry Sloper, and two daughters. The funeral will take place Sunday from the family residence.

ALWAYS ACTED QUEER.

Old Man Assaults and Kills Another at an Almshouse.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 7.—A murder occurred at the almshouse today. Henry Williams, a man 73 years of age, beat and stabbed Louis Peritt, aged 75, to death. The body of the murdered man was removed to the morgue, and Williams, who surrendered himself to the officers of the institution, was lodged in the City Prison with a charge of murder against him.

The cause of the murder is not known as the witnesses, and Williams declined to make a statement, but it is supposed to have been the outcome of an old grudge. When the two men were together in the almshouse, Williams always acted a little queer, and the officers of the institution believe that he is slightly demented.

HURT'S CHILDREN.

Mrs. Schaefer May Have to Relinquish Her Claim.

OAKLAND, July 7.—Superior Judge Ogden decided today that Joel Hurt, the wealthy Wyoming stockman, had made out a prima facie case for the custody of his three little girls, and unless the mother, now Mrs. Schaefer, could prove that she was a proper person to care for the children against their father, she would have to relinquish her claim upon them.

The court reserves the right, however, to guard the interests of the children, and to modify the decision of the Wyoming court if circumstances had arisen to justify such action. Under this ruling, Gibson, for the mother, asked until Monday morning to get witnesses together to prove that the children were in good hands and the time was granted.

John W. Mitchell's Wealth.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 7.—John W. Mitchell, a wealthy land-owner of Stanislaus county, bequeathed \$15,000 to three persons. The estate was valued at over \$1,000,000, and the claims presented aggregated \$178,000. The legatees petitioned for a partial distribution, and the court gave the order that distribution be made, waiving bonds. The executors objected to the proceedings, and on appeal the Supreme Court reversed the order, finding that, as the time for the presentation of claims had not expired, and the debts had not been paid, the court could not order partial distribution without a bond being given.

Turners Dispersed.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 7.—The North American Turnerbund closed its biennial convention here today. A proposition to create cooperation committees was rejected. The present platform and declaration of principles was voted to be retained, but a revision is to be recommended to the incoming vorort which is to be chosen in September. The proposition to give equal rights to ladies members in the council of the association was rejected by a large majority. During the next few days the delegates will visit various points of the State, and will attend the State Turner Fest at San Jose on Sunday.

California Pioneers' Election.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 7.—The Society of California Pioneers today elected the following officers: President, Aylett R. Cotton; vice-presidents, Miles Searles and E. W. McKinstry; San Francisco, Charles N. Felton; San Mateo, Walter Van Dyke of Los Angeles; George Hagner of Colusa; treasurer, F. W. Tallant; marshal, John E. Pinkham; directors, J. H. Jewett, H. N. Tilden, E. T. Kruse, E. M. Root, Leon Sloss, and Bruce James. William Z. Tiffany and Allen Knight.

W. H. Mead Suspended.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 7.—W. H. Mead, assistant collector at the mint here, has been suspended pending an investigation of charges of misconduct and neglect of duty made against him. It is said the alleged misconduct consisted of the encouragement of insubordination of the men. The neglect of duty attributed to Mead is stated to be in connection with recent thefts of bullion which, it is said, might have been prevented by due watchfulness.

Yukon Steamers Denounced.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 7.—The local inspectors of harbor and boats have issued an order that henceforth none of the Yukon River steamers shall carry passengers between this port and St. Michaels. The order is based on the fact that the vessels are classed as barges, and must be towed. This decision will materially affect the interests of those who have river steamers and expect to carry passengers on them to St. Michaels.

Wrecked Schooner Sighted.

SEATTLE, July 7.—Capt. Christensen, of the schooner Eliza Miller, which arrived at Port Blakeley yesterday, reports that on June 26 he sighted the hull of a wrecked schooner 245 miles off Coos Bay. It is thought that it may possibly be the wreck of the schooner Nomad, which left Shanghai for Seattle last December with ten people on board.

A Kingston (Jamaica) cablegram reports that the Red Cross Society's steamer State of Texas has arrived at Port Royal from San Juan de Cuba, via Port Antonio, seeking aid for the wounded.

Meeting of the National Association at Washington. [ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] WASHINGTON, July 7.—Unusual manifestations of patriotic enthusiasm marked the opening session tonight of the National Educational Association's annual convention. Five thousand persons were in attendance. Among the speakers who welcomed the educators were President Whitman of the Columbian University; Webster Davis, Assistant Secretary of the Interior; Dr. W. T. Harris, United States Commissioner of Education; and Col. Henry F. Blount, chairman of the local Committee of Arrangements.

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One mile: Sir Gawan won, Swiftmas second, Glorian third; time 1:41.4.

Six furlongs: Lambert won, Van Antwerp second, Lady Mitchell third; time 1:15.

Six furlongs: Marblehead won, Dr. Parker second, Subject third; time 1:14.2.

One mile: Alhamas won, Dolando second, Burlesque third; time 1:41.4.

St. Louis Sport.

ST. LOUIS, July 7.—The track was heavy.

Mile and seventy yards: Mystery won, Jim Henry second, Joe O'Sol third; time 1:46.9.

Six and a half furlongs: Fingal won, Imp. King Gold second, Organ Pilot third; time 1:24.4.

Seven furlongs: Myriam G. won, Imperious second, Lord Neville third; time 1:32.4.

Handicap, one mile and a sixteenth: David won, Forbush second, Madeline third; time 1:51.4.

Five furlongs: Genua won, Our Netie second, Foxey third; time 1:05.4.

Mile and twenty yards: Deerfoot won, Percita second, Lady of the West third; time 1:48.

Lightning-fast Track.

CINCINNATI, July 7.—The track was lightning fast at Latonia.

Four and one-half furlongs: Bromo won, Annie M. second, Lanny D. third; time 1:21.4.

Five furlongs: Peter Sterling won, L. Pilot, second, The Bombardier third; time 1:03.4.

Handicap, mile and seventy yards: Elusive won, Three Bars second, Azusa third; time 1:42.4.

Sensation stakes, value \$1700, six furlongs: Onamastus won, Rockland second, Bill Anthony third; time 1:12.4.

Mile: Imp. Eddie Burke won, Kittle B. second, George Krats third; time 1:40.4.

A half and half furlongs: Turtle Dove won, Valasco second, Everest third; time 1:20.4.

At Washington Park.

CHICAGO, July 7.—At Washington Park the weather was fine and track fast.

Seven and a half furlongs: Dunlops won, Muskalonge second, Cash Day third; time 1:34.4.

Five furlongs: Survivor won, Stamia second, Gathas third; time 1:01.4.

Five furlongs, the Lakewood stakes, \$1500 added, sweepstakes for two-year-olds: W. O'Connell won, Hardy Pardee second, Formero third; time 1:00.4.

Mile and three-sixteenths: Boanerges won, The Roman second, Timemarker third; time 1:38.4.

Mile and one-sixteenth: Topmast won,

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVORERS.

Seventeenth Annual Convention Called to Order at Nashville.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] NASHVILLE (Tenn.) July 7.—Auditorium Endeavor was filled with an enthusiastic assemblage this afternoon at 6 o'clock, when the seventeenth annual convention of the Young People's Society of Christian Endeavorers was called to order by President Clark. Following devotional exercises, addresses of welcome were delivered by Gov. Taylor and others, and a brief telegram of greeting from President McKinley was read.

In reply, telegraphed on behalf of the Endeavorers, Rev. Clark expressed the heartiest sympathy of the Endeavorers "with their Christian President," and informed President McKinley that his prayer and the prayer of the Endeavorers had been read during the opening exercises of the convention and that the Endeavorers had united in prayer for a speedy peace. Detroit was selected for the meeting place for 1899.

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BATHS

Vapor, Electrical and Massage.
AMERICAN HYGIENIC INSTITUTE—PROF.
JULES HUEGEN, Phillips Block, sun,
 vapor, electric baths, etc., massage and
 treatment of all ailments.
TAKE MASSAGE AND THE WATER CURB
at the Hygienic Institute, 164 S. Broadway.
Dr. L. H. GOSMAN.
MRS. L. SCHMIDT-EDDY, ELECTRIC, HOT
air, hydrophatic and massage treatment.
Rooms 596-597, 226 S. SPRING.
MRS. HARRIS, 131 N. SPRING, ROOM 4.
MRS. STAMMER, 131 N. SPRING, ROOMS 1-
103-104, Massage, vapor baths, Tel. green 12.

THE TIMES PRIZE CONTEST.

The patriotic compositions will be published as fast as space will permit, and the voting coupons will also appear each day, until August 1. All the

On the upper of the two dotted lines write the name of the child for whom you wish to vote, on the lower line the name of the school and town. Write the name of the child on the dotted line and mail it to the "Prize Contest Editor."

**JAMES WALTER KAYS, 14 YEARS,
ST. VINCENT'S COLLEGE.
OUR WAR WITH SPAIN.**

It is now nearly four years since the island of Cuba commenced her struggle for independence from cruel Spanish rule. It is now nearly four years since the United States and all other countries have remained neutral.

But February 15 last, one of our finest vessels, the Maine, was blown up in Havana Harbor while protecting American interests. With this cowardly deed 266 brave Americans lost their lives; exciting the sorrow of the nation.

President McKinley investigated through experienced men, and found

While the Spanish blockade of the harbor was in progress, the United States Navy sent the USS Albatross to the harbor, and the USS Albatross caused the Spanish blockade to be lifted. The USS Albatross was the first of the Spanish blockade to be lifted. The USS Albatross was the first of the Spanish blockade to be lifted. The USS Albatross was the first of the Spanish blockade to be lifted.

the American victories are daily occurring, and Spain must soon give up. The causes of this war are just, and the manner of carrying it on is well done, so let everyone try and help.

The United States is backed by plenty of resources, seventy-five million loyal citizens, and the good will of nearly the whole world. It will win and thus add another stone to the foundation of the future monarch of nations.

THE TIMES PRIZE CONTEST VOTE.

Name

School

July 7, 1898.

SENT OUT TO BEG.

Three Italian Children Arrested

Who Were Compelled to Beg.

A warrant was issued yesterday on complaint of officers having it in hand, for the arrest of Mollie, James and Louis Christiauff, charging them with vagrancy. The children are 14, 12 and 10 years of age respectively, and live with their parents at No. 125 Yale street. It is alleged by the officers that the children, who are Italians, are sent out by their parents to beg and collect money on the streets. This is accomplished mainly with the aid of a small dog which they carry with them while the others sing. The children have been carrying on their vocation for some weeks, along Broadway, Marquette and other streets of the city. Twenty-eighth streets. The idea the officers have in arresting the children is to save the girl, who is the oldest, and to place her in a home. The girl is placed at \$100 each, while the children failed to give, and they are locked

up in the City Jail. The case will come up before Judge today. It is possible some action will be taken to place the children in homes where they will not be compelled to beg for a living.

HAM DOES UP BROWN.

Because the Latter Says the Former Cannot Tell the Truth.

Officer Sparks arrested William H. Ham yesterday on complaint of A. M. Brown, a well known and successful lawyer. Ham, who is a bricklayer, is working with Brown in a new manhole at the corner of Fourth street and Broadway. They got to quarreling yesterday, and Brown said that Ham was a liar. No sooner was it said than Ham struck him, following the blow with another one and finally overpowered the lawyer's taste. When brought into court, Ham

John Mathews, a railroad man, living at No. 255 Avenue 25, was arrested yesterday afternoon for the complaint of J. C. Coffey, a 29-year-old man, who lives in that neighborhood, charged with battery on Willie Coffey, a twelve-year-old son of the complaining witness. Mathews entered a plea of not guilty, and was released on his own recognizance to appear this afternoon for trial.

Mathews says that on Sunday last Willie Coffey was the twin brother of his, and he called to him and asked him to stop. The latter gave no heed to the call, so Mathews picked up a small stone, throwing it "over his shoulder" to attract his at-

OATS: FEED OATS, SEED OATS!
We have fifty cars Texas feed and red rust-proof seed oats now on road here. Cars being arriving in few days. Ask us for prices. Cars in Southern California. Also get our prices on corn, bran and all mill products, wholesale only.
MCDONALD GRAIN AND MILLING CO.

SANTA FE TRAINS TO REDONDO. ☐
From La Grande Station, daily at 9:55 a.m.; 1:30 p.m.; 5:35 p.m.; Sundays at 8:30 a.m.; 9:55 a.m.; 1:30 p.m.; 5:35 p.m. and 7 p.m. Last train Sunday leaves Redondo at 8 a.m. Downey averages 15 minutes earlier. Central avenue, 14 minutes later.

TRUNKS, BAGS, LEATHER GOODS
J. C. Cunningham, manufacturer, dealer; re-
pairing a specialty. 223 S. Main. Tel. M. 214.

WATCHES cleaned. 75c; mainsprings, 50c;
crystals, 10c; Patton, No. 214 South Broadway.

TALKED FOR HOURS.

THE LONGEST WATER CONFERENCE YET HELD.

Plan to Lease the Crystal Springs Property—Another Water Scheme to Be Explained Today.

ATTORNEYS' FEES DISPUTED.

THE DAMAGE SUIT OF HALBERG AGAINST FAWKES KNOCKED OUT.

Another Supreme Court Decision in the City of Redlands Water Suit. Peter Sandberg Threatened Suicide.

In the effort to arrange the terms of a settlement of the water question, the Water Supply Committee of the City Council spent nearly the entire afternoon yesterday in conferring with representatives of the Los Angeles City Water Company. As have been all such conferences, the session was behind closed doors. The suggestion was made that the city and the company proceed with the arbitration to determine the value of the Los Angeles Water Company's property as stated in the schedule filed by that company, and pending a settlement of the question of the city's taking the Crystal Springs Land and Water Company's property, that the city lease that property. The term proposed for the lease was three years, and as the representatives of the company were unable to state what rental would be charged, another conference will be held Tuesday afternoon, at which time the rental will be announced.

The local representatives of Kessler & Co., the New York bankers who submitted a water proposition to the city some months ago, will be given an opportunity to explain that proposition in detail to the Water Supply Committee of the Council this morning at 9:30 o'clock.

The annual estimates of expenses of the Water Oversee and the City Auditor yesterday.

A side-issue in the Shinn-Mead land frauds has come to trial in Department Six, and it is chiefly interesting as showing how the last of the respectable little fortune left by Alexander J. Mead to his widow has been frittered away. In this as in all the other cases of this notorious scandal, Mrs. Sarah V. Rubens is plaintiff. But she is a bed-ridden old woman, and her daughter who had fought the case in the courts through the courts is now dead.

The damage suit of F. A. Halberg against Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Fawkes, Jr., was knocked out yesterday on a motion by Judge Allen. This was the case wherein heavy damages were claimed for false arrest. The Fawkes family claimed that the defendant was concerned in the fake dynamite outrage which gave to Burbank a twenty-four-hour sensation.

AT THE CITY HALL.

ANOTHER CONFERENCE.

THE WATER QUESTION KEEPING COUNCILMEN BUSY.

Present Plan is to Arbitrate on the Los Angeles Company's Property and Lease the Crystal Springs for a Term of Years.

For more than three hours yesterday afternoon the Water Supply Committee of the City Council and representatives of the Los Angeles City Water Company endeavored to decide upon some plan by which the water question might be settled to the satisfaction of both parties. The conference was not open to the public, only interested city officials and the water company's representatives being in attendance. The conclusion of the session shows that the proceedings, but enough was learned to show what was accomplished.

There was another conference the day before, at which the water company presented a communication showing its willingness to lease to the city the property of the Crystal Springs Land and Water Company. In that communication it was stated that if the city would lease the property for only a short period, the price to be paid as rental would be higher than if the lease was for eight or ten years. The company also stated that it preferred to sell the property outright and settle the matter. The city's representatives informed the company as to the period during which it would desire the lease to run, and in order to receive the city's answer, the conference was adjourned. The proposition to lease the property came first from the city, it having been suggested to the representatives of the company that they were willing to proceed with the arbitration to determine the value of the property of the Los Angeles City Water Company, and pending a settlement in the courts of the status of the Crystal Springs Land and Water Company's property, to lease the latter from the company.

At the conference yesterday the representatives of the city announced that if they took the Crystal Springs property at all, it would be for three years, and the inquiry was made as to what the rental would be for that period. This question the representatives of the company were not prepared to answer. The matter of just what was to be submitted to arbitration was under discussion for more than an hour, and the city held that it was required to arbitrate only the property designated in the schedule furnished some time ago by the company as the property of the Los Angeles City Water Company. The plan to be followed if this arbitration was agreed to, was also discussed. The company's representatives were extremely cautious not to commit themselves to any proposition without carefully guarding their position with abundant safeguards. They seemed anxious to prevent the city securing any technical advantage, and at times the debate between them and the representatives of the city was somewhat heated. At one point in the discussion Mr. Lee, one of the city's associate counsel, asked Judge Chapman, who represents the water company, what he would do if the city was to follow out the contract as far as possible, and then upon a refusal by the company to settle the matter, to issue bonds and build an entirely new system of its own, thereby leaving the company's system valueless upon their hands. Judge Chapman did not answer the question directly, but said that there was no necessity for springing such questions that time.

what the cost of duplicating such a system as that of the Crystal Springs Land and Water Company would be. He went to his office and secured the figures which had been contained in his annual report to the Council. The question was asked him so that the Council might be informed of the cost in event it was thought best not to take the Crystal Springs property at all.

The inability of the attorneys for the company to state what rental would be charged the city for a three years' lease on the property of the Crystal Springs Land and Water Company, and the necessity for another meeting, and it was decided to hold another conference next Tuesday afternoon at 3 o'clock. In the mean time the attorneys will act from the company a statement of the price they will charge, and will report it to the Water Supply Committee of the Council.

TO EXPLAIN THEIR PLAN.

Representatives of New York Bankers to Meet the Council.

Conferences on the water question have become almost as frequent in the City Hall as committee meetings. Another such meeting will be held this morning at 9:30 o'clock, but this one will be held in the City Hall, and not in the City Hall, as the other cases of this notorious scandal, Mrs. Sarah V. Rubens is plaintiff. But she is a bed-ridden old woman, and her daughter who had fought the case in the courts through the courts is now dead.

On April 25, through their local attorney, Kessler & Co., submitted a proposition which was in effect a lease of the water system of the city. They agreed in consideration of a long lease of the water property to take up that plan at the expiration of the term, and the present company holds, and operate it on a plan which would practically be a partnership arrangement with the city.

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AFRAID OF TRICKERY.

Jasmine-street Property-owners Repudiate a Petition.

Complaint was made at the office of the Street Superintendent yesterday by one of the property-owners along the line of the improvement now being made on Jasmine street of the actions of M. S. Cummings, the irresponsible contractor who has been in charge of the work. The specifications call for a redwood curb, and nearly all the property-owners were satisfied with the work. But Cummings, who is a contractor, has been in charge of the work. The specifications call for a redwood curb, and nearly all the property-owners were satisfied with the work. But Cummings, who is a contractor, has been in charge of the work.

What It Has Cost.

The water litigation during the fiscal year which closed June 30 was expensive to the city. A statement of just what the city had to pay in the matter during the year has been prepared by the City Auditor. It shows that the cost was \$15,448. In this it included not only the costs of actual litigation, but also the fees of the consulting engineers and the extensive work done by the City Engineer's department.

More Annual Estimates.

Water Overseer Casey has filed with the City Auditor his estimate of the expenses of the department during the fiscal year. It is as follows:

Salary, \$1800; one chief deputy, \$1080; five outside deputies, \$4800; pipe, lumber, etc., \$1500; labor, \$5500; office supplies, \$150; total, \$17,780.

The estimate of the expenses of the Mayor's office has also been filed with City Auditor Nichols. The total is \$3000, made up of the salary of the Mayor, \$3000; the salary of his private secretary, \$1500; and \$200 for office supplies.

HE CANNOT SERVE.

J. D. Bicknell's Nomination for Freeholder Was Unsuccessful.

J. D. Bicknell of No. 300 South Broadway, whose name appeared on the ballots to be used at the election of freeholders today, announces that he was nominated without having been consulted. His business is such that he could not devote any time to the work which the freeholders are expected to perform, should he be elected. He therefore requests his friends not to consider his name in casting their votes. He was placed in nomination by the filing of the petition circulated by John Lovell.

SANTA FE RAILWAY.

It Will Hereafter Compete in Freight Traffic for European Ports.

[Associated Press Night Report.]

TOPEKA (Kan.) July 7.—The Santa Fe Railway system will hereafter compete in the freight traffic from the West and South to European ports. President Ripley has arranged for freight steamship line from Galveston to all the principal ports of Europe, similar to the line recently arranged from San Francisco to the principal Asiatic ports.

AT THE COURT HOUSE.

AN ATTORNEY'S FEES.

THE SHINN-MEAD SCANDAL AGAIN IN COURT.

Mrs. Sarah Rubens Declares Two Notes Made to Attorney Rose Were for a Fraudulent Purpose, and Wants Them and the Mortgages Declared Void.

The notorious Shinn-Mead land-swindling case is again in the courts. This time it is a suit, on trial in Department Six, which is a collateral issue to the main suit, and has been brought by Sarah V. Rubens against Attorney Walter Rose and Mrs. Mary N. Mead, to have two notes for \$1500, given by Mrs. Mead to Rose, declared fraudulent and void, and the two mortgages given as security also pronounced void as against the plaintiff.

Prior to June 27, 1893, Mrs. Rubens had brought two actions—one against Attorney Walter Rose and Mrs. Mary N. Mead, to have two notes for \$1500, given by Mrs. Mead to Rose, declared fraudulent and void, and the two mortgages given as security also pronounced void as against the plaintiff.

At that time, according to the allegations made in the present suit, which are so far a mere recapitulation of the assertions made in many previous suits, Attorney Rose was acting as her attorney.

When Alexander J. Mead died on June 7, 1893, he left insurance aggregating \$35,000, and an annuity of \$2500. Mrs. Mead collected the \$35,000, and at once began to dispose of it. Until at the end of a year she had nothing left save the house on Grand avenue and the two lots that form the basis of the present suit.

It is now charged that Rose never represented Mrs. Mead in any way to be deserving of \$1500, and that he never appeared for her in defense of the suit begun against her. The agreement, and in that case he knew the defense was not made in good faith, and consequently he was not entitled to compensation. While the defense was pending, in January, 1897, the court (Judge York) gave Rose plainly to understand that his defense was without merit, and the court was poised to enter judgment for Mrs. Rubens on the pleadings. Rose, however, procured a postponement of the entry of such judgment by representing that he desired to amend his answer. While the matter was in abeyance, Mrs. Mead died.

On January 15 a note was made by Mrs. Mead to Rose for \$500, and on the 18th a second note was made for \$1000. Both notes were secured by the early part of the present year. Then he served notice upon the defendants of his election to rescind the contract by which he became the purchaser of the stock, and tendered the certificates of the 500 shares to them. The tender was refused, and the present suit is to recover \$1500, with 7 per cent interest per annum from January 1, 1896.

A SUPERINTENDENT'S SALARY.

A Compromise Verdict for Crinklaw Against a Mining Company.

The suit of H. Crinklaw against the Bonner Mining Company, that has occupied the attention of Judge York and a jury for several days, was ended yesterday. The suit was instituted to recover \$5600, alleged to be due for wages as superintendent. The defense claimed that the plaintiff was installed as superintendent on the understanding that he was to receive no regular salary, but was to be paid a certain percentage of the net profits. They also claimed that, while upon the plaintiff's representations, \$18,000 had been sunk in prospecting, developments, etc., there never had been any net profits, and consequently as superintendent he was not entitled to any salary whatever.

The case was given to jury about 4 o'clock, and they remained out until about 9:30 o'clock, then returning into the court room, they rendered a verdict in favor of the defendant company, and the above compromise agreed upon.

HIS THREATENED SUICIDE.

After Proceedings in the San Pedro Case Looming Up.

Peter R. Sandberg, the Swede, who was tried in Department One Wednesday for stealing \$5860, with the result that the jury disagreed—there being nine acquittal votes and three for conviction—is in a hard position. On motion of the District Attorney the case against Sandberg was dismissed, but in the light of later events, it is curious to speculate as to what might have happened if he had been convicted.

According to the story, and it is believed to be approximately correct, his wife and Eckland conspired against him. When he took the money, on the supposition that it was his wife's life insurance, he gave his wife and Eckland an opportunity to get him out of the way, which they eagerly seized. Under the threat of a story, and with the States' prison staring him in the face, he made over his interest in the property at San Pedro to his wife, and she gave him money enough to carry him to Sweden. With him out of the way, without cause, and "that such

proceedings or attempted proceedings in the Justice Court were a disgrace and abuse of the laws of the land, and that those investigating such proceedings were guilty of most outrageous and unjustifiable conduct, the said charges being without foundation in fact and without probable cause.

In these premises, Halberg claimed that by his unlawful arrest, and by reason of the vile insinuations he had been caused great humiliation and suffering, and injured in his business and standing in the community. He asked that each of the defendants should be made to pay \$5000 as damages, and a further sum of \$5000 as exemplary damages.

PROFITS ON WATER.

Second Supreme Court Decision in the Redlands Suit.

In the suit of the Redlands Lugonia and Crafton Domestic Water Company against the city of Redlands et al., both plaintiff and defendant took an appeal to the Supreme Court. Last week a decision was received from the Supreme Court, on the appeal of the city of Redlands, which the decision of a lower court was reversed and a new trial ordered, and yesterday a decision on the appeal of the water company was received, affirming the judgment.

The trial of the action of the court found that the plaintiff was entitled to \$314,000 in the acquisition of the plant used by it in furnishing water to the city. The court found that the plaintiff was entitled to \$314,000 in the acquisition of the plant used by it in furnishing water to the city. The court found that the plaintiff was entitled to \$314,000 in the acquisition of the plant used by it in furnishing water to the city.

A BAD DEAL.

Persuaded by Stock, George Cobb Wants to Rescind.

A suit has been begun by George H. Cobb against T. B. Wilkinson, E. R. Kellam and George W. Simonds to compel these defendants to rescind a contract for the purchase of certain stock. During the month of January, 1896, the defendants were stockholders in the Diamond Oil Company and about that time they prevailed upon the plaintiff to purchase from them 500 shares of the company's stock, for which he paid \$1000. In order to induce Cobb to make the purchase it was represented to him that the stock was non-assessable, and the owner would not be subject to a call for the levy of assessments. Also that the net income of the company during 1895 had been, and would continue under the existing circumstances, about 15 per cent per month or more. These representations, Cobb charged, were false, and the defendants knew them to be false, and made them with deliberate intent to mislead and defraud him out of his money. But he believed the statements made, and had no information to make him suspect that the stock was not what he was told. He served notice on the defendants of his election to rescind the contract by which he became the purchaser of the stock, and tendered the certificates of the 500 shares to them. The tender was refused, and the present suit is to recover \$1500, with 7 per cent interest per annum from January 1, 1896.

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she got a divorce, and she was free to do as she liked. But although Sandberg in fear had promised to remain away, he couldn't do it. He thought of his boy and the wrong done him, and he returned, and then it was that the complaint charging grand larceny was sworn out against him.

While Sandberg was being tried in court one of the prisoners in the County Jail made a hubbub because some one had taken the razor that he had laid down for a moment preparatory to shaving. While the privilege of shaving is in certain cases granted to the inmates of the jail, it adds to the comfort of none of the inmates to know that some prisoner has by surreptitious means obtained a razor. A search was made, but the razor could not be found. After the charge against Sandberg had been dismissed he was brought over to the jail again by Deputy Sheriff Brown in that he might get his few belongings. First, however, he was searched, and the missing razor was found upon him. Being asked why he had appropriated the article, he replied in a hopeless kind of tone: "If they had found me guilty I would have cut my throat."

FLOTSAM AND JETSAM.

Miscellaneous Driftwood Thrown Into the Courts.

THE CITY'S CLAIM. Pasqual Marquez, administrator of the estate of Micaela B. de Marquez, deceased, has begun suit against the city to get title to lot 1 of the Reyes tract. For fourteen years the administrator, and decedent before him, have been in notorious possession of the property, but the city claims some right or title.

VAN SCIEVER'S MORTGAGE. M. S. Lee has sued Addie B. Van Sciever to foreclose a mortgage on lot 15, block 6 of the Martin tract, given to secure a note for \$1200, executed February 7, 1895. The amount with interest now due is \$1622.56, and a further sum of \$30 paid for taxes, the amount of \$150 also being claimed as attorneys' fees.

FORECLOSURE SCHOOL PROPERTY. In the suit of W. G. Witter against the Missouri school district and the Board of Trustees in San Luis Obispo, the action was one to enforce payment of assessment for constructing a sidewalk in front of certain lots in the city, of which the school district is the owner. Judgment passed for the defendants, and plaintiff appealed. The Supreme Court in affirming the judgment, says: "The proceedings in this case are a school district, and the property of a school district, and in default of payment to sell the property. If this property is used for a school purpose, the inevitable result would be to injuriously affect the capacity of the district to perform its functions, quite as effectually as by the foreclosure of a mechanics' lien."

PASADENA CONSTRUCTION. The incorporators of the Pasadena Construction Company were filed yesterday, the capital stock being placed at \$50,000, divided into 1000 shares, the amount of \$10.00 having been subscribed. The directors are named as James H. Campbell, Joseph E. Smyth and E. E. Flounders of Pasadena; Thaddeus Lowe, South Pasadena, and Joseph H. Smith, San Diego.

SUDDEN DISAPPEARANCE. On Sunday, June 28, J. C. Platts, who resided at Garvanza with his wife, disappeared and has not been heard from since. Platts conducted a grocery store at Garvanza, but his business was attached, and he became despondent. He was heard to remark that he felt like shooting himself, and on another occasion that he thought he would go to Arizona. Platts was 42 years of age, five feet seven inches in height, with blue eyes and light brown hair and mustache. At the time of his disappearance he wore a light gray suit and vest, and a light tan hat. "Under the circumstances Platts' friends are much alarmed, and will gladly receive any news of the missing man."

JUST SKIPPED OUT. Judge Van Dyke yesterday granted a decree dissolving the marriage of George M. Keville, on the ground of desertion and failure to provide. The parties lived in the city, and about a year ago the husband cleared out. The custody of the minor child was given to the mother, and an order for \$10 per month as alimony, and \$50 for costs and attorneys' fees.

A SMALL ESTATE. The Public Administrator yesterday applied for letters of administration on the estate of James C. Barr, deceased, who died September 5, 1897, leaving real estate valued at \$2000, also the estate of Minerva E. Barr, deceased, who died March 11, 1898, leaving 158 acres of land near Acton of uncertain value, but placed at \$1000.

COUNTY JAILOR ILL. Deputy Sheriff and County Jailor W. A. White is threatened with typhoid fever. For several days he did not feel in his usual good health, and on Wednesday had to remain in bed. Yesterday the symptoms were so bad as to indicate typhoid. This is all the more strange, as the sanitary arrangements at the jail have recently been overhauled, and the jail has been cleaned, painted and whitewashed.

TO ENFORCE CONVEYANCE. Jane Holland Daniels, as an individual, and also as administratrix of the estate of Harry Holland, deceased, has begun suit against S. G. Baker, et al, to compel conveyance of lot 1, in the Hunter Highland View tract. In July, 1933, Baker loaned the late Harry Holland \$1000 to purchase the property, and the deed was then made by the sellers, F. Hinkle and J. Hensel and Harry Holland to Baker, as security for the loan. Holland paid \$125 on the loan prior to his death, but when his widow offered payment Baker claimed title to the lot and refused to receive the \$275 proffered.

Pensions for Californians.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Pensions were granted Californians as follows: William K. Wallace, Veterans' Home, Napa, \$6; Daniel Gibley, San Francisco, \$6; Samuel D. Hoyer, Los Angeles, \$6; Martin T. Ivy, Biggs, \$6; Benjamin M. Rogers, Ophir, \$6; Timothy O. Sullivan, San Francisco, \$6; Elias S. Bowman, Veterans' Home, Napa, \$10; Michael Fitzsimmons, Soldiers' Home, Los Angeles, \$6 to \$8; A. Mabree, Los Gatos, \$5; Benjamin Lacy Mastin, Red Bluff, \$9 to \$12.

Will Seize China's Capital.

PEKING, July 7.—The Russian Charge d'Affaires, M. Pavloff, has informed the Tsar's Kammer (Chinese Foreign Office) that if a northern extension of railroad, which has been conceded to a British syndicate, is persisted in, Russia may be obliged to seize the province in which Peking is situated as compensation.

Stole and Scattered Diamonds.

CLAREMONT, July 7.—A special from Newcastle, Pa., says: "While the Schmid Bros. were watching the parade of the Buffalo Bill show today, thieves effected the more from the rear and stole \$20,000 worth of diamonds and jewelry. The thieves escaped, leaving diamonds scattered all over the street."

MULLEN & BLUETT CLOTHING CO.

IMPORTANT SALE OF

Men's Summer Suits

To dress well at small expense is within the province of every man who reads this advertisement. Notice in our window the following extra values:

AT \$8.50 We offer a Scotch Cheviot, handsome gray and brown mixtures, with threads of red and dark olive, small broken checks and partially visible plaids, fine serge linings, fancy striped sleeve linings, and double-stitched seams and edges.

AT \$10 We are showing about 30 lines of Fancy Cassimeres, small gray and brown checks, light gray faint plaids, Italian linings, etc.

AT \$12 You will find here Fancy Cassimeres and Scotch Cheviots, plain checks, small broken checks, faint plaids, neat stripes and mixtures, in gray, steel, tan, wood brown and the new olive shades, fine serge linings, and hand-made buttons.

The above lines have been reduced from \$10.00, \$12.00 and \$15.00.

THE CLOTHING CORNER, FIRST AND SPRING STS.

RETIRING FROM BUSINESS.

Money Saving On Christmas Gifts.

Take it right through the store and the difference between the regular retail price and Import Cost, at which we are now selling, is about one-third. Hence, if there is some friend to whom you wish to make a Christmas present of a fine ring or watch, it is a large saving of money to buy now. The styles in this class of jewelry are now well defined for the Fall trade, and you can make no mistake in that respect. Each article marked in original plain black figures, with reduced price in Red.

LISSNER & CO., Goldsmiths, Silversmiths, Opticians.

235 SOUTH SPRING ST.

KNOX AND STETSON

HATS, \$3.50.

Derby or Fedora, in the latest shapes and colors. Think of it! \$3.50, and they can't be bought anywhere in the United States for that. It's just like finding \$1.50. Better get one today while the line is complete.

\$3.50 and \$4.00

Hats, \$2.25.

Dunlap, Youman and Miller shapes in latest Fedoras and Derbys. If you can't afford \$3.50 for a Knox or Stetson, you will miss a big chance if you don't take one of these at \$2.25.

Siegel,

Under Nadeau Hotel.

The Perfection Copying Book

Is the best for both typewritten and penwritten matter. The acme of perfection in copying results is attained when used in connection with the Eureka Copying Cloth Bath. We sell and guarantee both.

306 S. Spring St., Henne building, near corner Third St.

Crimes & Stationery Co.

Is the best for both typewritten and penwritten matter. The acme of perfection in copying results is attained when used in connection with the Eureka Copying Cloth Bath. We sell and guarantee both.

306 S. Spring St., Henne building, near corner Third St.

35 days. 100-page book free.

The Fraternal Field.

Masonic
LOS ANGELES COMMANDERY.
NO. 9, K. T. will confer the Order of the Red Cross next Thursday night. The Order of the Temple was conferred last night.

Sunset Lodge, No. 290, will confer the Fellowship degree, and South Gate Lodge, No. 320, the Master Mason degree tonight.
Pentapolis Lodge, No. 202, will confer the Master Mason degree next Tuesday night, and La Vallee de France Lodge, No. 329, the same degree next Friday night.
Los Angeles Lodge, No. 42, will confer the Entered Apprentice degree next Monday night.
Signet Chapter, No. 57, R.A.M., will confer the Past and Most Excellent Masters' degree next Monday night.
Al Malakiah Temple, Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, is preparing for a large class of novices, and a splendid time on the night of the 22d.

The Odd Fellows.
GRAND SECRETARY SHAW is sending out copies of the proceedings of the late session of the Grand Lodge to those entitled to them.
In addition to Gen. C. Sherman and staff and the members of Canton and Los Angeles, there were about 200 members of the subordinate lodges of the city in the parade on the Fourth, in full regalia.
Thomas Oliver of San Fernando, who died on Tuesday, was buried yesterday afternoon under the auspices of San Fernando Lodge, No. 365.
D. D. Morton, D.D.G.M. of District No. 25, installed the officers of East Side Lodge, No. 235, Tuesday night and those of Fernando Lodge on Wednesday night.
A. A. Carlos, D.D.G.M. of District No. 20, installed the officers of Santa Monica Lodge Tuesday night.

The Rebekahs.
THE officers of Pasadena Lodge were installed Tuesday night with Mrs. Charles Hersey as installing officer. The affair was followed by a banquet.

The following officers of Una Lodge, No. 172, were installed last Saturday night by Mrs. M. E. Wright, D.D.P.: Mrs. Nellie Frost, N.G.; Mrs. Margaret Wright, V.G.; Miss Mary Linde, Recording Secretary; Mrs. Elsie Purcell, Financial Secretary; Mrs. L. C. Clark, Treasurer; Miss Mary Clis, Chaplain; Miss Mae McEwen, Warden; Mrs. Flora Lohr, Conductor; Mrs. Elizabeth Clifford, I.G.; Mrs. Martha Crandall, R.S.N.; Carrie Gollinger, L.S.V.G.
The proceedings of the late State assembly are being distributed to those entitled to them throughout the State.
Mary E. Wright, D.D.P., installed the following officers of Eureka Lodge, No. 128, Wednesday night: Alice M. Crawford, N.G.; Sylvia Smith, V.G.; Isabella Harris, R.S.; Lizzie Greener, L.S.V.G.; Clara Ward, Warden; Salinda Pfeiffer, Conductor; Lulu Lohr, I.G.; I. Stead, O.G.; Maggie Kruger, R.S.N.G.; Lulu Adams, L.S.V.G.; Anna L. Jones, L.S.V.G.; Lizzie Greener, L.S.V.G.; Maggie Dobson, Chaplain. There was a large attendance, all the lodges in the city being represented. Ice cream and cake were served.

The following officers of Arbor Vitae Lodge, No. 53, were installed by Mary E. Wright, D.D.P., Tuesday night: Jessie Bonner, N.G.; Anna L. Jones, V.G.; Lena Ellis, R.S.; Grace Tubbs, F.S.; G. Bevan, Conductor; Lizzie Crow, I.G.; Mr. Logan, O.G.; Loretta Murritt, R.S.N.G.; Anna L. Jones, L.S.V.G.; Morgan, L.S.V.G.; Mary Kimball, Chaplain; Nettie Thompson, Warden; Mattie Willard, L.S.N.G.

Knights of Pythias.
A NUMBER of the members of the city lodges went to Long Beach last Friday night to witness the public installation of officers and entertainment of Long Beach Lodge, No. 210. Oscar Lawler, C.C. of Marathon Lodge, No. 182, officiated as installing officer, assisted by others from this city.

Mrs. Lydia A. Monroe of Riverside, Past Grand Chief of the Rathbone Sisters, will be present and officiate at the public installation of officers of Purty Temple, No. 2, Rathbone Sisters, at the Castle Hall, Saturday night.
J. J. Carrillo of the Santa Monica Lodge, who was one of the aides of Grand Marshal Jones on the Fourth, rode on a saddle horse.

Los Angeles Lodge, No. 205, conferred the rank of Esquire last Friday night, and will confer the rank of Knight this evening. This lodge also has several applications on hand.
There will be a joint installation of the officers of the four lodges of the city next Friday night at the Castle Hall, together with a social session, for which the committees are making arrangements.

The officers of Pasadena Lodge were installed Tuesday night by T. D. Allin as installing officer.
A circular letter from H. B. Arndt, colonel of the Third Regiment, Uniform Rank, is being read in all the lodges, urging the companies to recruit to the limit for the army. The tender made by the organization may soon be called on by the President. Riverside Company is the first to report with forty-two names enrolled.

Valley Lodge, No. 37, of San Bernardino, at its session Tuesday night was flag by three enthusiastic members of that lodge.
Valley Lodge, No. 27, and Charity Temple, No. 35, Rathbone Sisters, of San Bernardino, held a joint installation of officers on Wednesday night, with Past Grand Chief Mrs. Monroe of Riverside as installing officer.

Circulars have been sent to the companies of the Uniform Rank composing the Third Regiment, asking if they desired to hold an encampment this year, and also what time would be preferable, and how well they would encamp. It is almost certain that the annual picnic of the order will be held either in August or September, whether there is an encampment or not, and it is also pretty certain that the encampment and picnic will be held at Long Beach.

Mrs. Grace E. Claypoole of St. Paul will be present at the installation of officers of Purty Temple, No. 2, Rathbone Sisters, Saturday night, and render the following selections: "Russian Czardas," "He was a Prince," and "Home, Sweet Home."

Knights of the Macabees.
THE ranks of the soldiers at Camp Merritt, San Francisco, there are a large number of members of the order, one Minnesota regiment having forty that are members of the order.

San Francisco Tent tendered them a reception one night last week.
Los Angeles Tent, No. 2, initiated one, elected one and received three applications Wednesday night. The installation of officers also occurred, with J. W. C. Henry, D.S.C., officiating as installing officer, at the conclusion of which Past Commander Brainerd Smith was presented with a Past Commander's Jewel by Past Commander George Varney.

On the night of the 19th Star Tent, No. 24, will indulge in a basket social, cake walk and dance at Paul's Hall, Star Tent, No. 24, was visited last Tuesday night by Supreme Deputy State Commander Henry, who installed the following officers: Commander, J. Vickers; R.K., C. W. Brown; F.K.K., L. H. Hannas; Sergeant, D. W. Flannigan; Master-at-Arms, J. E. Mote; First M. of C., W. J. Lundy; Musician, R. T. Bern.

Native Sons of the Golden West.
SANTA CRUZ PARLOR gave a two-night minstrel entertainment last week, which was a decided success. The Santa Cruz Parlor, No. 156, will have installation of its new officers next Tuesday night.

Ancient Order United Workmen.
A PUBLIC installation of officers of Magnolia Lodge, No. 34, D. of H., will be held this evening.

Los Angeles Lodge, No. 55, initiated three candidates Wednesday night. The officers of Riverside Lodge were installed Wednesday night by William Meek, D.D.G.M.W., of this city.
St. Elmo Lodge, No. 238, will initiate two candidates next Monday night. The officers of Orange Grove Lodge, No. 312, were installed Tuesday night by D.D.G.M.W. Greenough.
Deputy Wells recently added fifty-one members to the Santa Ana Lodge and last week secured twenty-two new members to the Huntington Lodge. He is now working at Redondo.
C. Z. Sutton, D.D.G.M.W., is working at Alhambra, securing new members for the lodge at that place.

Owing to the fact that so many members of the order in the city participated in other divisions of the parade, the order made no show at a body in the Fourth of July parade.

Independent Order of Foresters.
THE country courts responded well to the invitation of their city brethren to participate in the parade on the Fourth, and the consequence was that the order had the largest number of men of any organization in the parade.

Court Temple, No. 510, initiated three candidates Tuesday night.
While this order had the largest representation in the parade, it was not what it should have been by several hundred members.
Court Temple, No. 342, elected two new members Wednesday night, whose initiations will occur next week.

Grant U. Whitney, V.C.R., of Court Angella, will depart this week for trip to Omaha, Minneapolis, St. Paul, Chicago and other eastern cities.
Pasadena Court, No. 2937, will have an entertainment this evening, at which High Secretary W. H. Perry will be present and deliver an address; also W. R. Ober, D.S.C.R.
The delegates to the Supreme Court at Toronto will depart about the 15th inst. They are High Chief Ranger G. A. McElfresh, Dr. C. B. Dickson, Los Angeles; S. J. Duckworth, Monterey; W. B. Lardner, Auburn; B. I. Solomon, San Francisco; Dr. J. W. Thayer, Gilroy; L. G. West, Gardena. It is probable that the delegates will bear with them letters from the Chamber of Commerce, City Council and Board of Education of this city, asking the Supreme Court to hold its next session in Los Angeles.

A new court called Ramona was installed at Oakland, June 17, by H. W. Taylor, D.S.C.R., and another at Redwood City called Court Laurel, about July 1.
High Chief Ranger G. A. McElfresh was riding a frantically wild horse, which slipped and fell with him in front of the reviewing stand, but he escaped injury.

Court No. 422, has elected the following delegates to the next session of the High Court: R. E. Wirsching, P. W. Wimer, H. Nunan, William E. Reavis, C. F. Paine, W. R. Ober, W. J. Oliver, G. Samish, Ed Lloyd, A. Wallace, C. A. Reed, A. Hockett, C. M. Hockett, W. Conklin. This court initiated ten new candidates and received fifty applications last night.

Court in Gazette, No. 3511, has elected F. Pinschower and Dr. W. M. Johnson as delegates to the next session of the High Court. This court received three applications for membership last Tuesday night.

Foresters of America.
COURT DANTI ALIGHIERI, No. 139, will have a public installation of officers next Tuesday night.

Woodmen of the World.
GENERAL ORGANIZER GEORGE K. ROGERS has been visiting the camps at Cloverdale, Ukiah, Willits and Middleton the past week, and will visit those of San Francisco the next few weeks, in which city he will work for the order.

The Fraternal Brotherhood.
SUNSET LODGE, No. 4, and Washington Lodge, No. 81, will indulge in a joint installation of officers next Friday evening, followed by cake walk and dancing. Mrs. Nidge, S.V.P., will officiate as installing officer.

The ladies of Hermosa Lodge, No. 32, are preparing for an enjoyable event at the public installation of officers of that lodge next Wednesday night at Fraternity Hall, No. 1315 South Spring street.

The officers of Los Angeles Lodge, No. 1, were installed Monday night by R. B. Emerson, P.P., and those of Arcade Lodge, No. 3, Wednesday night by M. A. Bronson, S.M. at A.
M. E. Burdick, S.V.P., will officiate as installing officer at a joint installation of the two lodges at Ventura this evening.
Dr. Kellogg, S.P., is organizing a new lodge at Placerville.

An entertainment will be given by the ladies of the order, at the Fraternity Hall, at which Mrs. Emma R. Neidig, S.V.P., will deliver an address on "Fraternity," and A. O. Gale, J. C. McPherson, members of the order, will also contribute to the programme. The entertainment will be followed by dancing.

Knights of Honor.
AT THE late session of the Supreme Lodge, the following changes in the laws were made: Beneficiaries must furnish proof of death; conferring power on Grand Dictators to consolidate fraternal circles; members having survived designated beneficiaries and not desiring to designate others may, on application, be transferred from beneficiary to social membership; time for reinstatement reduced from thirty to sixty days without medical examination after twenty days the applicant must file a certificate that he is in as good

health as when he was suspended; when the membership of a lodge is reduced to nine the members may vote themselves with withdrawal cards good for sixty days; a member who shall assign or transfer his benefit certificate to secure payment of a debt, shall be suspended or expelled as the lodge may direct.
The total membership of the order May 1 was \$8,961. The total amount of benefits paid to June 1 was \$62,353.12, a maintenance of an average of \$2,517,327.23 per year.

Improved Order of Red Men.
THE Great Council of California will convene in San Francisco on August 2.
Ocoala Tribe of San Francisco at its meeting last week adopted a class of twenty pale faces and conferred all the degrees on them during the night.

Improved Order of Red Men.
COCOPAH TRIBE, No. 81, raised the chiefs-elect to their respective stations last council. The report for the year just ended shows a net gain of eight.
Past Sachem J. G. Hacker has been recommended to the G.C. for D.D.G.S. for Southern California. With no other candidate in the field he will undoubtedly get the appointment in August.

Young Men's Institute.
A MEETING of the Board of Grand Directors will be held in San Francisco next Monday.
The Grand Council of the Northwest will meet in Victoria, B. C., on August 15.

The picnic given under the joint auspices of Los Angeles and Montgomery Councils at Sycamore Grove on the Fourth was a largely-attended and successful affair, over \$400 being realized.
The officers of Montgomery Council, No. 473, will be installed next Monday night, and delegates elected to the State Council.
Los Angeles Council, No. 453, will have a public installation of officers and entertainment next Tuesday night.

Independent Order of Good Templars.
THE third Fourth of July picnic of the Good Templars of Los Angeles county was held in Rubio Canyon Monday last, under the auspices of the Los Angeles Valley. Ample accommodations had been made for the care of all comers. After luncheon many of those present gathered in the pavilion during the programme. The audience joined in singing, and before long the music of the Mills of Tropic led in prayer. A quartette rendered a selection, and then Rev. Mr. Kendall of Long Beach delivered an address. Mr. Bowers responded. The programme was closed with the "Doxology."

Grand Chief Templar T. D. Kanouse was present, but unable to speak, as he has but recently recovered from a severe illness. D. Treasurer Greene, who was at the head of the Committee of Arrangements, was the presiding officer of the day.
El Monte Lodge will have G. C. T. Kanouse with it on July 25.

Tropic Lodge will have Fair Oaks Lodge, North Pasadena, next Monday evening. This is a return visit to the one which Fair Oaks Lodge paid to Tropic last year.

About thirty members of Pasadena Lodge visited Alhambra Lodge last Thursday evening. In accordance with the plan of the order, the visitors occupied the official positions and furnished the programme.

Last Tuesday evening, Pasadena Court Juvenile Temple visited Pasadena Lodge, under whose supervision it was carried on, and furnished a delightful programme.

Fraternity Miscellany.
A NUMBER of new lodges of different orders throughout the country are now being named in honor of the hero of Manila, but the majority of orders have a clause prohibiting the naming of a lodge after any living person, and in that way they Dewey good thing.

An order with the alliterative title of the Prudent Patricians of Pompeii, with headquarters at Saginaw, Mich., is offering to build public halls in cities where the membership is sufficient to admit of the order.

An order bearing the title of the Fraternal Army of America is being organized at St. Louis, Mo., and will start with a membership of 2000.
A new order called the Theban Legion has been started at Goshen, Ind. The founders of this order are the story of the "Two Theban Friends, Pelopidas and Epaminondas."

About two-thirds of the fraternal bodies of the United States have removed the restrictions in regard to enlistment of the members in the army and navy.
Chicago has a new order called the Platte-Deutsche Grot Glide Van de Vereingting Staaton Van Nord Amerika, thus having a name, if nothing else.

ANNOUNCED A WOMAN.
Convicted of Harassing a Salvation Army Captain.

Y. Manders, the dope-fiend who has been annoying the captain of the Salvation Army for the past few weeks by following her home and in other ways making her life a misery, entered a plea of guilty yesterday, changing it from not guilty. He will come up for sentence today. Manders says he followed the lady because he felt the good morals of the Salvation Army were in his keeping, and he thought that the captain was in danger. The man is undoubtedly "off," and should be up for a test of sanity instead of misdemeanor.

Capt. Humphreys testified that night after night Manders had been seen at the Salvation Army meetings, leaving just before they broke up, and he either preceded or followed her to the corner of First and Hill streets, where he would watch until she entered her home. Once he had spoken to her, but had said nothing out of the way.
Manders is a window-cleaner by occupation, and lives on the Baker's Home on East First street. He said that, having the interests of the Salvation Army at heart, having once been a member, he watched her. Humphreys because he thought she was in the habit of receiving company in her room after returning home, so he watched in order to report any wrong doing. He acknowledged that nothing wrong had taken place, and that the conduct of the young lady had been exemplary so far as he knew. Judge Owens has taken the case under advisement until 10 o'clock today.

SANTA CATALINA ISLAND.
Saturday two boats to the Island Illumination. Sunday's excursion, returning same day, leaves Los Angeles Terminal Railway 7:35 a.m., Southern Pacific Company 8 a.m. Daily concerts by our celebrated Marine Band of soloists. Tel. main 36. Banning Company, No. 228 South Spring street.

"There's the rub." (Hamlet.)
The "rub" in one hand, and the effect of it in the other. Good design for a soap "ad."—isn't it? Question of health, if nothing else, ought to make you give up this wearing washboard rubbing with soap, and take up the sensible way of washing with Pearline—soaking, boiling, rinsing. The washboard rubbing, done in the midst of soiled clothes and tainted steam is harmful to any woman. If you think it isn't, you'd better think again.

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The old reliable, never-failing Specialists, established 15 years. Dispensaries in Chicago, Kansas City, Butte, Mont., San Francisco and Los Angeles. In all private diseases of men.
Not a dollar need be paid until cured.
CATARRH A Specialty. We cure the worst cases in two or three months.
Discharges of years' standing cured promptly. Wasting drains of all kinds in man or woman speedily stopped.
Examination, including Analysis, Free.
No matter what your trouble is, nor who has failed, come to us. You will not regret it. In Nature's laboratory there is a remedy for every disease. We have the remedy for you. Come and get it.
Persons at a distance may be CURED AT HOME. All communications strictly confidential. Call or write. The poor treated free on Fridays, from 10 to 12. Address 123 SOUTH MAIN STREET, Los Angeles, Cal.

PERSONALS.
S. P. Lovette, manager of the Press Clipping Bureau, at San Francisco, is here for two weeks, taking charge of this office while R. E. Cusson takes a vacation at Catalina Island.
Fred A. Hamsh of New York City has been visiting Chief Glass, Los Angeles Council, No. 453, and will return here next fall after a trip to Europe. He leaves for home this morning.
Mr. and Mrs. Legrand Friel, accompanied by their daughter, Maude, and son, Legrand, left on Thursday morning for a trip to the Yosemite Valley by wagon. They go by the coast route, camping out on the way, and expect to be absent about three months.
Mr. and Mrs. E. Laventhol, accompanied by their daughter, Miss Hannah, left yesterday for San Francisco to attend the wedding of their son, Ed B. "America," after which Rev. Mr. Bowers will be performed at the home of the prospective bride next Tuesday.

Herman Hausler, an attorney and capitalist of St. Louis, is in the city with his wife and family, and will remain a week. He has just returned from Mexico, where he has extensive interests, and before his return he will visit all the points of interest in this part of the State.
Robert Hale, of the Columbia Savings Bank and Citizens' Bank, has been in Glenwood, Iowa, for some weeks, at the bedside of his brother, Nat Hale. Advances have just been received from the death of his brother last Saturday.

A DEVOTED YOUNG BROTHER.
The Far-away Hobson has an Ardent Champion at Home.
[New York Journal:] "I am no prouder of my brother than I was before," says the younger Hobson, who has just returned from the War Department. There is one incident of his career that has not found its way into the newspapers. The story is connected with his student days at West Point, and was told to a reporter of the Sun by a person who knew all about it.
Whitney is the son of a clergyman, and the father intended that the son should be a clergyman. The son wanted to be a soldier, and refused to study for the ministry. When he was ready for college he asked his father to try to get him an appointment to West Point. The father Whitney refused, and the boy went to a Congressman from Pennsylvania, in which state the Whitneys were living, and secured an appointment.

He passed an excellent entrance examination, and stood so well in tactics and discipline that in his senior year he was made captain in the corps of cadets. Just before graduation in the spring of 1892 a young woman in whom the cadet was interested arrived at the hotel in West Point one evening. Whitney wanted to call upon her. It is a rule that no cadet may pass the hedge which surrounds the hotel without special permission. Whitney couldn't get the permission. The girl was going away the next day, and it was absolutely necessary that Whitney should say good-by.

There was only one thing for him to do—run the hedge and take his chances. He did so, made his call, said every thing but what he intended to say, and started to return to the barracks. On the way he ran into the office of the adjutant, and asked for the permission. The adjutant couldn't get the permission. The girl was going away the next day, and it was absolutely necessary that Whitney should say good-by.

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"Silt down a moment, Mr. Whitney, and listen to me. It is the lot of an army officer to take many chances in a service. When he decides he must act quickly, and once his plan is settled he must not turn aside until his purpose is accomplished. He who pushes forward boldly without faltering, is bound to succeed in the end. In running the hedge after you had decided that that was the thing to do, you showed the very characteristics which will win you success in your chosen profession. If you hadn't run that hedge, when you knew what you were waiting for you behind it. I should have advised you to leave the army at once. Now, I am sure you'll make a brilliant record."

When Whitney walked out on the plain he felt a heap better and he concluded to stick by the army. The girl felt almost as badly as Whitney did at what had happened and she too, decided to stick by the army if she got the chance. She got the chance, and now she is Mrs. Whitney. Both she and her husband think the wife of the West Point professor is the wisest woman that ever lived.

Won't Support His Family.
Baptiste Gere, who makes slippers at the corner of Alameda and Aliso streets, was arrested yesterday afternoon by Deputy Constable Mugnani on complaint of his wife, Marguerite Gere, who charges him with failure to provide the necessities of life for herself and four children. The latter range from 6 to 14 years of age. Last Sunday the two had a dispute over the children, and both were arrested, charged with disturbing the peace. Mrs. Gere was released, but her husband was released. The wife now invokes the aid of the law to compel her husband to support herself and family.

En Route to Folsom.
Jose Gonzales, sentenced in San Bernardino to three years in the penitentiary for burglary, passed a few hours in the County Jail last night, en route to Folsom.
Mine to Be Shut Down.
STOCKTON, July 7.—The famous Utica mine at Angels' Camp will be shut down about September 1 and will remain closed pending repairs to the mine and machinery. Over \$50,000 will be spent in the work of renovation.

CELEBRATED MAGAZINE SECTION.
TIMELY, INTERESTING, INSTRUCTIVE...
LOS ANGELES.

SUNDAY TIMES
FOR JULY 10, 1898.

Timely topics discussed.
Interesting stories told.
Instructive facts set forth.

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AMONG THE AYMARAS.
Queer Indians Who Live on the High Plateau in Interior Bolivia; by Frank G. Carpenter.
HAVANA'S DEFENSES.
Described by the Man Who Studied Them for the Government; by Charles H. Thrall.
SOLDIERING IN THE PHILIPPINES.
Our First Mountain Battery—Difficulties of transportation, severe climatic conditions; by Robert G. Skerrett.

LESSONS FROM IRONCLADS.
Conflicts Between Ships and Forts in the late Civil War; by John Shirley Ward.
SCOUTS OF THE WOODS.
Work and Wiles of the Wilderness Police; by R. E. Peary.
VAST STORES OF GOLD.
Amount Now Held in New York Equal to One Twenty-fifth of All in Existence; by Dexter Marshall.

ONE CENTURY OF SPANISH HISTORY.
How Her Rich Domains Have Shrunk Within a Hundred Years; by C. S. H.
SPANISH LEADERS AND SPANISH POLICY.
Incompetency and Misrule During the Years of Cuban Warfare; by A. C. W.
THE SURGEON'S SACRIFICE.
Lucrative Practices Abandoned for Service at the Front; by S. S. D.

MAIL FOR CAMPS AND FLEET.
Heavy Work of Postal Officials During War Time; by N. F. P.
THE REVOLT IN THE PHILIPPINES.
Caused by Misrule on a Gigantic and Inconceivable Scale; by K. L. P.
THE UNITED STATES LIFE-SAVING SERVICE.
Development of the Present Elaborate System of Relief; by M. J. Dunlap.

OUR MORNING SERMON.
The Ascent of Man; by Rev. Geo. B. Spalding, D.D., LL.D.
WOMAN AND HOME.
Becoming Lingerie—Comfortable and charming underwear—Parisian color combinations—Beautiful but dangerous veiling novelties; by Mary Dean. Madame Voynich, the Author of "The Goldfish." How to Make Archangel Cake; by Emily Ford. Dishes for Hot Days. Gladstone's Girl Friend—Margot Tennant Asquith. Cure for Heat Rash; by M. D.

OUR BOYS AND GIRLS.
Granny—The way Ann Eliza bought a grandmother for the plantation babies; by Rebecca Mays Nadal. "Specks"—How a college boy stopped the Rosaura stampede; by A. A. Anderson. Rowboat to build safe, cheap and fairly priced crafts; by J. Harry Adams.
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A library in itself.

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Adds Another to Its Thousands of Cures.
Electricity is truly a wonderful remedy. It is good for nervous troubles, for all kinds of pains and aches, for weakness, kidney and stomach complaints. Dr. Sanden's Electric Belt never fails to cure these troubles.
Read This Letter.
DR. A. T. SANDEN—Dear Sir: I was completely broken down with nervous and general debility, so much that the least exertion on myself would prostrate me. I can now say in all honesty and truth that your Belt worked wonders on me. I cannot express in words of praise the good it has done. I would not be without it for anything. July 1, 1898. J. S. H. S. Kistner, Cal.
Thousands of Cures.
It has cures in every town in the West. It gives new life to the blood and nerves, filling every organ of the body with health and vigor. Call and see it or send for Dr. Sanden's free book, with full information.
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NOT IN DRUG STORES. Dr. Sanden's Electric Belt is never sold in drug stores nor by traveling agents. Only at our office.

ORCHARD, FARM, RANCHO AND STOCKYARD.

Crops and Markets.

THE weather during the past week has been generally seasonable, with moderately warm days and cool nights. The damp mornings in the coast sections have been of benefit to crops. In some sections irrigation water is becoming rather scarce. On the other hand, there are many important developments of underground water by the sinking of wells to a moderate depth.

Shipments of citrus fruits for the season, up to date, have exceeded 14,000 carloads. This is much larger than was anticipated at the beginning of the season, even before the frost had cut down the estimate. Shipments of oranges are continuing very late this season.

At the annual meeting of the Highland Fruit Growers Association, held recently, the following report of the year's business was made:

"The association has handled the past year 70,743 boxes of oranges and 12,016 boxes of lemons, being nearly three times as much as any previous season. There were received 3,079,262 pounds of navel, of which 1,918,078 were fancy and packed 25,466 boxes. They sold to net \$43,878.86, or \$22.97 per 100 pounds, or \$1.54 per box. There were 925,943 pounds choice, which packed 12,558 boxes and sold to net \$14,431.01, or \$1.09 per 100 pounds, or \$1.15 per box. There were 235,241 pounds of culls, which sold for \$459.06, or 19 1/2 cents per 100.

"There were received 455,427 pounds of seedlings, of which 230,979 pounds were fancy and packed 3393 boxes. They sold to net \$4300.76, or \$1.531 per 100 pounds, or \$1.61 per box. There were 186,225 pounds choice seedlings, which packed 1882 boxes and sold to net \$617.32, or 58 1/2 cents per 100 pounds, or 33 cents per box. There were 45,223 pounds of cull seedlings.

"There were 880,600 pounds of Mediterranean sweets, of which 482,507 pounds were fancy, packed 7081 boxes. They sold to net \$4575.76, or 94 1/2 cents per 100 pounds, or 64 1/2 cents per box. There were 252,312 pounds of choice sweets, which packed 3126 boxes and sold to net \$1781.59, or 67 1/2 cents per 100 pounds, or 43 1/2 cents per box. There were 135,781 pounds of culls, which sold for \$383.04, or 28 cents per 100 pounds.

"There were 60,779 pounds of bloods, of which 53,477 pounds were packed and made 6544 boxes and sold to net \$390.50, or \$1.74 per 100 pounds, or \$1.09 per box. There were 7302 pounds of culls, which packed 91 boxes and sold to net \$66.25, or 66 1/2 cents per 100 pounds, or 35 cents per box. There were 14,587 pounds of Australian navel received, of which 10,675 pounds were packed and made 156 boxes. They sold to net \$66.25, or 66 1/2 cents per 100 pounds, or 35 cents per box.

"There were 57,755 pounds of St. Michaels received, of which 74,944 pounds were fancy and packed 1040 boxes, 7198 were choice and packed 75 boxes, 575 pounds were culls. The final returns for St. Michaels not being all at hand, settlements will be made later.

"Cost of packing oranges, including general expense, \$0.29016, made up of the following items: Labor, \$0.7434; material, \$0.16979; general expense, \$0.40608.

"Cost of packing lemons, including general expense, \$0.49640, made up of the following items: Labor, \$0.17837; material, \$0.16976; general expense, \$0.06380.

"The stockholders voted to sell their property, but restricted the acceptance of bids to stockholders in the present association, with a view of reincorporation and the continuance of the organization. It is fairly well settled that there will be at least two associations in Highland for the coming season."

"The local market is well supplied with fruit of all descriptions. Prices are somewhat higher than they have been for several years past, owing to the shortness of the crop.

"On this page will be found a reference to the great difference in prices paid here, and in the northern part of the State, for deciduous fruits. The subject is one which should be thoroughly investigated.

"Owing to the high price of feed, oats are being imported from Kansas. The grain costs about \$1.25 per cental, laid down here.

"In the local produce market eggs are firmer. Potatoes are scarce and in good demand."

Deciduous Fruit Prices.

A SUBSCRIBER calls attention to the great difference in prices paid for deciduous fruits here and in the northern part of the State. For instance, a couple of weeks ago it was reported from the north that prices for peaches and apricots for canning were higher than for many years past. In the Santa Clara Valley as much as \$15 per ton was paid for lemon apricots, and \$50 per ton for large apricots. At the same time similar fruit was selling in Southern California at about \$11 per ton.

It is evident that there is great need for the new deciduous-fruit exchange, which cannot get to work too soon.

Artesian Water and Pumping Plants.

THE people of the San Bernardino Valley are still much worked up over the important question of a decrease in the artesian water supply, owing to the heavy pumping that has been going on of late. A fight is being made, but the property-owners do not seem to be entirely united on this important question. The San Bernardino Times-Index, in a recent issue, says:

"Everything has been done to inaugurate the fight, except to raise the money. Some of our large property-owners are interested on both sides of this question. Those who own wet land want to sell it to large corporations at a big figure, when such corporations will bore wells, pump water, and convey it to Riverside and elsewhere, leaving a large area dry and unproductive in this valley. These pumping plants are coming in from the West and South thick and fast, and there is a complete failure. This is attributed to the March weather, when there were some warm days, which set the sap flowing freely, which was afterward choked by frost."

"The men who own land in the artesian belt fought principally because there is an abundant supply of pure water. It does not take a lawyer to say that the property now amounting to millions of dollars built up and operated on this artesian belt is justly entitled to the water that nature has provided, as much as those who have built up property on the Santa Ana River are entitled to the natural flow of that stream. When the case gets into the courts the courts will be bound to so hold."

"Several of these pumping plants have been running nearly five years, and if they are allowed to go on a short time longer the state of Him-

tations will protect them from attack in the courts.

"If any one thinks that they can pump their wells by gasoline engines or windmills cheaper than they can fight this question in the courts they will some day find their mistake, as it will be the big pumping plant against the little one and the oldest and longest-established against the newest. The right thing to do is to take time by the forelock and protect our water rights in time—now, by a suit at law, which will cost far less than even one small pumping plant."

"Our people are liberal in subscriptions to celebrations of all kinds. If they are correspondingly liberal in putting up to protect their property in a vital issue they will succeed."

Co-operation for Farmers.

THE benefits of co-operation by farmers on a common-sense plan have been frequently pointed out in these columns. The bakersfield Californian, referring to a settlement in Kern county, points a moral in this direction which should be heeded. The Californian says:

"Out on the Weed Patch near Wade live ten families which hold 320 acres of land each. The farms lie in one block. They are as much alike as ten silver dollars are alike. They are all adapted to the growing of the same crops. The possibilities of one are the possibilities of all. The value of each acre is so far as production is concerned is the same as every other acre and there is no difference in value because of location, inasmuch as a railroad shipping point is close at hand. The product of the whole goes into the same market. Being split up into ten farms this tract of land is cultivated under ten different managements. Ten sets of machinery are required to work it. Ten small capitalists, each with a different degree of success, are engaged in the same business. Purchases of necessities. Ten small capitalists make comparatively unprofitable sales because products are turned off in small lots and intermittently as the stress upon individuals compels the sales. Ten families live lonesome, isolated lives, removed from the advantages of a community."

"This land could be more profitably handled if it were one farm. Machinery of greater capacity could be used. A household waste could be avoided. Purchases and sales could be made to better advantage. If the management were under one head and the land were under one management, the total proceeds of what are now ten farms would be largely increased. At least this is what common sense seems to point out and what the success attained by Miller & Lux, by the Land Company, and by the Tejon ranch proves. How can this end be reached? Let the ten farmers incorporate, deed their land to the corporation and take an equivalent in stock, elect a board of directors and a manager. Work for the corporation composed of themselves instead of for themselves individually as at present. Move their houses close together and have a little village. Then they will have more money, less work, better living and will be able to mix with their fellow beings and be happier."

"The comparative merits of irrigating by checking out in square foot, in the one case, or of running the water through furrows, in the other, was spoken of. Prof. C. W. Childs preferred the furrow system. Mr. Rowson said he had an irrigating plant capable of furnishing 30,000 gallons per hour, and by means of it was able to thoroughly irrigate 120 acres in five hours, supplying each tree with from 2500 to 5000 gallons, which did not seem at all too much. The water was applied to the soil by means of a large supply of water, to get over quite an area, and to a maximum of good for the amount of water supplied. Mr. Rowson of Warm Springs said that his soil did not seem to need a great deal of water, and that by the application of 100 gallons of water to each square foot of land, the water was used and the fruit perfected."

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the same time retains the natural shape of the fruit. All kinds of fruit are capable of being preserved under this process. Though the method is very simple, there is a certain skill required that is acquired only by practice. Several successive steps in the process are as follows:

"First, the same care in selecting and grading the fruit should be taken as for canning; that is, the fruit should be all of one size, and as near the same ripeness as possible. The exact degree of ripeness is of great importance, which is at that stage when fruit is best for canning. Peaches, pears, etc., are pared and cut in halves, as for canning; plums, cherries, etc., are pitted. The fruit, having thus been carefully prepared, is put in a bucket or a bucket with a perforated bottom, and immersed in boiling water. The object of this is to dilute and extract the juice of the fruit. The length of time the fruit is immersed is the most important part of the process. If left too long it is overcooked, and becomes soft; if not immersed long enough, the juice is not sufficiently extracted, which prevents a perfect absorption of the sugar."

"After the fruit has been thus scalded and allowed to cool it can be assorted as to softness. The next step is the syrup, which is made of white sugar and water. The softer the fruit, the heavier the syrup should be. Ordinarily about 70 deg. Balling's saccharometer, is about the proper weight for the syrup."

"The fruit is then placed in earthen pans and covered with the syrup, where it is left to remain about a week. The sugar enters the fruit and displaces what juice remained after the scalding process."

"The fruit now requires careful watching, as fermentation will soon take place, and when this has reached a certain stage the fruit and syrup are heated to a boiling degree, which checks the fermentation. The heating process should be repeated as often as necessary for about six weeks."

"The fruit is then taken out of the syrup and washed in clean water, and it is then ready to be either glazed or crystallized, as the case may be. If glazed, the fruit is dipped in thick sugar syrup, and left to harden quickly in open air. If it is to be crystallized, it is dipped in the same kind of syrup, made to cool and harden slowly, thus causing the sugar which covers the fruit to crystallize. The fruit is now ready for shipping. Fruit thus prepared will keep in any climate and stand transportation."

"THE recent meeting of the Santa Clara Fruit Exchange, as reported by the Tree and Vine, has been of special interest for this dry year."

It was spoken of, Judge Myrick of Campbell said that by means of short wooden tubes he was able to introduce the water below the surface, out of the way of the roots. By means of a direct contact with the roots. By means of a water cart he supplied from fifty to eighty gallons per tree, and that with a large supply of water, to get over quite an area, and to a maximum of good for the amount of water supplied. Mr. Rowson of Warm Springs said that his soil did not seem to need a great deal of water, and that by the application of 100 gallons of water to each square foot of land, the water was used and the fruit perfected."

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Rural New Yorker that sunflower seeds have very nearly the composition of old-process linned meal, except that they contain more oil, having about 32 per cent. of protein, 7 per cent. of ash (lime and other mineral matter), 24 per cent. of starch (carbohydrates), and from 10 to 15 per cent. of more or oil, according to the variety and soil, hence they contain about three times as much protein as linned meal, and half as much starch, and three and a half times as much mineral matter. They contain too much oil to be given as a regular dairy ration, and a tendency to produce moulting, hence are excellent for moulting hens. A quart of seed to a dozen hens, three times a week, in place of grain, should be ample. It is not necessary to crush the seeds. The yield is about twenty bushels per acre, and they do not pay as a crop, unless used as food for the stock, which tax the land severely. They are grown, however, in small patches, more because they cannot otherwise be obtained. The stalks are utilized as fuel in some localities. Linned meal is an excellent substitute for sunflower seeds.

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"THE San Francisco Chronicle, in its agricultural department, has been discussing the question as to the food value of full-grown Angora goats. The Chronicle recently stated that when these goats were young they made good mutton, but when old they were strong. This is denied by a Texas man, but the Chronicle reiterates the statement, and gives as authority a Santa Cruz county man, who has raised Angora goats for twenty years."

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City Briefs.

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Special—Finest cabinet photos reduced to \$1 and \$1.50 per dozen. Sunbeam, No. 236 South Main, Dr. C. Edgar Smith, female, renal disease. Lankershim bldg. Green 494.

Mrs. Isabel Wing Lake and Dr. Carolyn Gelsell will be the speakers at a "mothers and daughters" meeting in the Temperance Temple today at 2:30 o'clock.

There are undelivered telegrams at the Western Union telegraph office for Mrs. O. J. Stough, Lewis Rothe, Mrs. Fannie Hinkle, Mr. Mack, Peter Weber, Miss Edna Lehman.

DRUNK AND TALKATIVE.

Spanish Woman Disturbs the Police Station and is Locked Up.

A young Spanish woman, giving her name as Vicenta Boring, and her residence as No. 1423 Maple avenue, was locked up at the City Jail late last night together with a four-year-old Spanish boy, who also had been locked up. The woman acted as if she were drunk, and her breath smelled strongly of liquor.

She came to the Police Station about 10 o'clock, apparently for the purpose of denying that she was drunk, and to complain against a police officer, whose name she did not know, but who she said had ejected her from a South Spring street saloon without cause. She was advised to go home with the child, and to think nothing more of it. While not declining in words to act upon the suggestion, she continued to sit in a chair with the boy in her lap, annoying those present with her opinions of things.

It was then decided that she would either have to go home, or be locked up. Officer Richardson was delegated to convey the ultimatum of Police Clerk Hensley to her. She concluded she would let Officer Richardson, who was recommended to her, accompany her home. When the trio got to the door, she suddenly changed her mind, and said she would go alone with the boy. The officer agreed to this, but watched them as they went down First street to Broadway.

The woman, almost the entire way, the child being pulled and dragged along. She went in the direction of the Times office. Richardson, fearing she might create another disturbance, ran after her, and tried to catch her before she climbed the first flight of stairs. But seeing that the officer was pursuing her, she abandoned the child on the first stair, and gained the third floor long before the officer did, so fleet was she.

As her actions were so had left the station did not tend to bring her to her home soon, she was escorted back to the Police Station by Officer Richardson, and locked up. The woman is about 30 years old. She will probably be released today.

BOY FALLS FORTY FEET.

Precipitated from a Bridge to the River's Bed.

S. W. Youngman, of No. 321 East Pico street, in a fit of dizziness, fell from the Southern Pacific bridge, between Aliso and Kurtz streets, to the rocks in the river bed, a distance of forty feet, yesterday evening, while playing with a crowd of boys. Two ribs on his right side are broken, and his left side is bruised. He may also have sustained internal injuries, but that could not be determined immediately.

Youngman is about 20 years old. He was playing with a crowd of boys of his own age on the bridge to see which one of them could climb the highest. Youngman had gone furthest up, but that was too far, for he became dizzy, lost his balance and fell. He was forty feet from the river's bed, hanging to an iron bar, when he lost his hold. His fall was broken by projecting beams, about fifteen feet from the bottom, on which he landed with great force on his right side. He then continued to the ground almost instantly, and struck among some rocks on his left side. The young man was in terrible agony while lying on the operating table at the Receiving Hospital.

THE REPUBLICAN LEAGUE.

Enthusiastic Meeting of the Los Angeles Branch.

The Los Angeles branch of the Republican League of Southern California held their regular meeting last evening in the Odd Fellows' Hall. In the absence of the president, Walter F. Haas, first vice-president, presided. The Columbia Club Quartette gave some well-rendered selections. Judge Burke of Rivera was elected to the position of third vice-president, and the names of less applicants for membership were read and accepted.

Judge R. A. Ling, W. H. Dickinson and Col. Albert de Leur were the speakers of the evening, each being received with applause. Judge Ling took occasion to laud the administration of President McKinley, and the victories won by the army and navy.

Two Picnic Parties. The Terminal Railroad had two pleasant picnic parties to take care of yesterday. The First Christian Church Sunday-school to the number of nearly 300, went to Rubio Cañon for the day. The Plymouth Congregational Sunday-school, a colored organization, went to Terminal Island.

Today the German Lutheran Sunday-school will visit Rubio Cañon.

G. P. Barnett, Southern Pacific agent at Pomona, has gone home from his visit to the coast on a thirty days' leave of absence.

J. F. Fitzgerald, Pacific Coast passenger agent of the Texas and Pacific, leaves here today for San Francisco. Mr. Fitzgerald's family will go east and he will be absent for several weeks.

A. C. Wells, general superintendent of the Santa Fe, arrived yesterday from Chicago, but leaves again today for the East.

The Royal is the highest grade baking powder known. Actual tests show it goes one-third further than any other brand.



ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

HARES AND HOUNDS.

Drawing for Sunday's Coursing at Agricultural Park.

The drawing for Sunday's coursing at Agricultural Park took place last evening at 8 o'clock at No. 143 South Broadway. There will be a twenty-four-dog open stake, with a consolation purse for best dog, and the entry list shows quite a number of the old favorites. Following are the entries, with the order of the drawing: Turk vs. Sir Walter Scott, Van Brulle vs. Dor Orsini, Beau Brummel vs. Grazer, A.B.C. vs. Fair Rosaline, Little Dick vs. Tiger, Fleetfoot vs. Oriental, Van Tralle vs. Sage, Juanita vs. Romeo, Little Brown Jug vs. Fleetwood, Rag Baby vs. Dawning, Reliance vs. Orpheum Prince, Santa Ana Boy vs. Mermald.

The Daily Fire Record.

The fire department had three runs yesterday, the first being turned in at 3:15 a.m., from Pico and Trenton streets. The grocery store of Fellows & Hill was found to be ablaze, but the flames were soon subdued by chemical engine No. 4. The damage was about \$200.

The second alarm was turned in at 6:30 a.m. from box 78. The cottage of Mrs. Hansher, No. 615 Hemlock street, was damaged slightly from a gasoline stove explosion.

The third blaze was in the two-story frame house at No. 1347 Wall street, which, with the entire contents except three chairs, was destroyed. The alarm was turned in about 8:20 o'clock yesterday morning. The building belonged to H. H. Williams, a colored man, who conducts a new and second-hand furniture store on Second street between Los Angeles and San Pedro streets. The neighbors say the house contained a new piano and new furniture throughout, and that this is the third time the house has been left for Terminal Island and to attend a colored picnic. House and contents were insured.

The need of more fire hydrants in this part of the city was very apparent, for it was necessary to lay 1500 feet of hose in order to get a stream on the fire.

Corwin's Wound Proves Fatal.

James S. Corwin, who shot himself through the body at Synamore Grove on Tuesday morning, with suicidal intent, died at the County Hospital yesterday morning at 5 o'clock, from the effects of the wound. The ball had passed completely through the body from the left nipple to the back, passing half an inch below the heart. Corwin suffered a great deal of pain after being taken to the hospital, and it was necessary to place him under the influence of opiates. He gradually sank until death came to his relief, as they say. The remains were removed to the undertaking parlors of C. D. Howry, where an inquest was held yesterday afternoon by Coroner Campbell, the jury finding a verdict of death by a gunshot wound fired with suicidal intent.

Marriage Licenses.

The following licenses were issued yesterday from the office of the County Clerk:

Rowland Barnett, a native of England, aged 21 years, and Jessie Niscon, a native of Illinois, aged 21 years, both residents of Los Angeles.

Victor E. Taylor, a native of New York, aged 38 years, and Mattie E. Taylor, a native of Illinois, aged 40 years; both residents of Los Angeles.

Charles Parker, a native of Missouri, aged 40 years, and Harriet McNeil, a native of Alabama, aged 57 years; both residents of Los Angeles.

Mark B. Hamble, a native of Ohio, aged 47 years, and Sarah M. Corrin, a native of Ohio, aged 31 years; both residents of Los Angeles.

Napoleon Potwin, a native of Vermont, aged 52 years, and Dora Schnette, a native of Germany, aged 42 years; both residents of Santa Monica.

Edwin A. Beck, a native of Indiana, aged 33 years, and Florence E. Cross, a native of Massachusetts, aged 35 years; both residents of Los Angeles.

MARRIAGE RECORD.

NEECE-BUCKHAM—At Long Beach, July 6, 1893, by Rev. A. W. Bunker, Thomas M. Neece and Emily A. Buckham, both recently of Compton.

DEATH RECORD.

CORWIN—In this city, July 6, 1893, James S. Corwin, a native of Illinois, aged 42 years. Funeral from C. D. Howry's parlors, Fifth and Broadway, today (Friday) at 2 p.m. Friends invited to attend. Interment Evergreen Cemetery.

CLINGAR—In this city, July 7, 1893, N. M. Cartmell, a native of Winchester, Va., aged 70 years.

HUGHES—In Morganfield, Ky., June 28, 1893, Mrs. Judge Huston, mother of Mrs. Nathan Calmelt of Tustin and the late Mrs. Roland P. Bishop of this city.

CLINGAR—At No. 447 South Broadway, July 5, 1893, Mrs. Sarah Clingar, a native of New York, aged 55 years.

Funeral from the parlors of C. D. Howry, Thursday, at 11 a.m.

CONNELL—Thursday evening, July 7, 1893, Ella Claire Connell, eldest daughter of Dr. J. W. Connell, aged 21 years, a native of Wichita, Kan. (Kansas papers please copy.) Funeral private.

CORWIN—In this city, July 6, 1893, J. S. Corwin, aged 42 years.

RILEY—In this city, July 7, 1893, at her late residence, No. 419 Molino street, Mrs. Nellie J. Riley, beloved wife of James E. Riley, aged 27 years, formerly of Wilmington, Cal. Funeral notice later.

108 ANGELES TRANSFER CO.

Will check baggage at your residence in any point. No. 215 W. First street. Tel. M. 24.

Madame Scalchi Cured.

"Microbe Killer" cured me of severe La Grippe in two days. I think it a wonderful remedy. R. Scatchell, Prima Donna Contralto. Hundreds of others. Drugs and notions fail. M. K. never fails. Price paid to points without agent. Call or write.

Radam's Microbe Killer. Cures Your Cold. \$1.00 Bottle. Sample Free. 212 South Spring Street, Los Angeles, Cal.

YERXA,

The Cash Grocer.

Surprises for FRIDAY, JULY 8.

3½ cents

Pound—Best Pearly Tapioca.

5 cents

Package—Twelve Boxes White Star Matches

15 cents

Ten-pound Bag—Yellow or White Corn Meal

7 cents

Can—Fine Cove Oysters.

31 cents

Pound—Millen Premium Chocolate.

15 cents

Can—Half pound of Fine Breakfast Cocoa.

2½ cents

Pound—Fancy White Beans.

5 cents

Can—Mustard Sardines.

10 Bars

Diamond Laundry Soap for 30 cents. No better Laundry Soap manufactured.

1 cent

Dozen—Best Wooden Clothes Pins.

10 cents

Package—Large size, Bell Starch. This is a cold-water Starch and cannot be excelled.

Try Our Ice Cream Soda—None Nicer.

YERXA

Yerxa Corner.

Buy Gloves of a Glove House.

If You Want Gloves

That will give satisfaction in fit, style, comfort and wear—that will last, and last, and last—you will come here to get them. We fit each pair to the hand, warrant them and keep them in repair. What more could you ask?

\$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$2.00.

The Unique

Kid Glove and Corset House.

245 S. Broadway.

Two doors south of Boston Store.

The Most Valuable Formula On the Market. XXXXX

Dr. Fox's Health Baking Powder.

Costs you no more at retail. It is a Pure, Pepsin Cream of Tartar Baking Powder. XX

Bladder Trouble. After taking 3 doses of McBurney's Kidney and Bladder Cure I passed all kidney worms and three points of matter and blood. I could cure me. A. E. Bartlett, Dunlap, N. H. Send 25 cents in stamps to W. F. McBurney, 418 S. Spring St., Los Angeles, Cal., for sample. Express prepaid \$1.50. Druggists.

Dr. Pritchard, Official Surgeon of So. Cal. Recital and Chronic Diseases, and all Female Disorders a specialty. Private Hospital. Send for book free. 125 N. SPRING ST., LOS ANGELES. HOURS—12 to 4 and 7 to 9. Sunday, 11 to 1.

NILES PEASE Furniture CO. THE BIG STORE. 430-441-443 S. SPRING ST.

See Our \$50.00 Cleveland. 534 SOUTHBROADWAY.

RUPTURE PILLS AND ALL 30 to 60 days—without operation or detention from business. Also all Nervous, Spleen, Blood, Private and Chronic diseases of both sexes, stricture and urinary troubles. Consultation Free. Call or address THE BOSTON SPECIALISTS Los Angeles, Cal. Office: 2 and 4, 24 South Broadway.

A Feast of Remnants

Today will be made memorable by the cleaning out of all remnants and short lengths at half price or near it. Thousands upon thousands of desirable remnants have accumulated during the last few weeks.

WASH GOODS REDUCED 1-2.

Dress Print Remnants
Sateen Remnants
Percale Remnants
Homespun Remnants
Wash Goods Remnants
Lawn Remnants
Dimity Remnants

DOMESTICS REDUCED 1-3.

Muslin Remnants
Sheeting Remnants
Shirting Remnants
White Goods Remnants
Gingham Remnants
Crash Remnants
Table Linen Remnants

DRESS GOODS REDUCED 1-2.

Serge Remnants
Henrietta Remnants
Poplin Remnants
Covert Cloth Remnants
Broadcloth Remnants
Silk and Wool Remnants
Brilliantine Remnants

SILKS REDUCED 1-2.

Fancy Check Remnants
Fancy Solid Remnants
Fancy Stripe Remnants
Fancy Brocade Remnants
Plain Black Remnants
Black Brocade Remnants
Taffeta Silk Remnants

Children's Wear.

Children's Colored Dresses of fine lawn, daintily trimmed with fine embroidery, sizes 1 to 5 years, 75c to \$1.00 values; today at 50c.
Infants' Fine Lawn Caps, French styles, trimmed with full ruche of fine lace, 50c values; today at 19c.
Children's Cloth Reckers, made Empire style, with large collar, trimmed with braid, sizes 2 to 5 years, \$2.00 values; today at \$1.50.

Boys' Wear.

Boys' and Girls' Feather Trimmed Tam O'Shanter, in linen grass cloth and chevlon, regular 80c and 70c values; today at 25c.
Balance of our Boys' Striped Duck Blouse Suits, large sailor collar, \$1.00 grade; today at 69c.
Boys' Solid Waists, all grades from 50c to \$1.00; today while they last at 25c.

Drugs Today.

\$1.25 oz. bottle pure Strychnine, crystals or 5-grain, 50c.
50c 6 Mustard Plasters, cloth, 15c.
75c 1 oz. Sulphate Quinine, air tight tin, 40c.
50c Asafetida Pills, pure and fresh, 100 3 or 5-grain, 50c.
50c Quinine Pills, 2 grains each, per 100 25c.
50c Cream Tartar, 1-lb. can, 40c.
50c Boracic Acid, powdered, 1-lb. air-tight can, 30c.
50c Phosphate Soda, crystals, 1-lb. can, 25c.
15c pint bottles Ammonia, 10c.
15c Chloride Lime, sealed can, 10c.

Special Gloves.

Real Kid Gloves in small sizes only, 5½ 5/8 Foster Hooks, \$1.25 and \$1.50 grades; today only 25c.
La Cigale Kid Gloves stand first in quality among dollar gloves. You pay no middle man's profits because we import them direct. A new shipment just to hand.
Every shade, pretty backs, 2 clasps, they're as good as most \$1.50 gloves; warranted, fitted and kept in repair \$1.00.

\$3.00 Trimmed Hats \$1.25.
\$5.00 Trimmed Hats \$2.25.
\$7.50 Trimmed Hats \$3.75.

Don't Wait.
Don't Wonder.
Come and See.

These are not the culls and fag ends of the season's stock, but freshly trimmed, stylish goods, sold cheap to keep business going at the time of the year when most milliners don't try to get business.

THE WONDER MILLINERY, MEYER BROS., Successors to Lud Zobel & Co., 219 South Spring Street.



We keep our shoes moving—no dead stock on our shelves. Shoes going out on our customers' feet and shoes coming in in cases—all the time. No stagnation—no accumulation of dust—no high prices. Low shoes for warm weather and low prices to match. Come in and help us to keep things moving. Don't forget our \$5.00 shoes, high or low, black or tan.

INNES-CRIPPEN SHOE CO., 258 South Broadway, 231 West Third St. Formerly SNYDER SHOE CO.

SHIRT WAISTS

A general Shirt Clearance must be made. Too many. 700 waists will be sold today; persale, worth 184c a yard, elegantly made, laundered and unlaundered, collars and cuffs, choice for 25c. Lawn Shirt Waists with detachable collars, Persian patterns, perfect finish, and never should be sold for less than \$1.00; today for 50c.

LAWN WRAPPERS.

300 Persian Lawn Wrappers with trimmed yokes, 59c. Regular \$1 values; today at 25c.

DUCK SUITS.

When you go to the beach you must have a suitable suit—a duck suit that will launder perfectly; these are well made, dry front style, full skirt; today at \$1.95.

SPECIAL CAPES.

All wool cloth Capes for cool evenings. Red, cadet blue, and tan Capes with 5 rows of braid all around and applique trimming; plaited backs; never sold at less than \$3.50; today only \$1.95.

Drip Pans 5c.

50 dozen Drip Pans ranging in size from 7½ inches to 15½ inches, slightly damaged by water at the Pacific Crockery and Tin Co.'s are; today at 5c.

Fry Pans 5c.

Acme Fry Pans, slightly damaged by water; didn't hurt them a bit; assorted sizes and divided into two lots, at 10c and 5c.

Carpet Samples.

All Wool Carpet samples, one yard long, endless variety of designs and colors to choose from; actual 80c values; special today at 29c.

Summer Comfort.

Full double bed size, filled with pure white cotton, hand tied, silkline cover, prettily patterned; the kind that sells on sight at \$1.35; special today at 98c.

DELINEATOR FOR AUGUST.

A HAMBURGER & SONS THE GREATER PEOPLE'S STORE 406 BOLS

NOTICE

Messrs. H. Sarafian & Co. will present at one of the sales today, an elegant Turkish Rug absolutely free. Also one tomorrow. Rugs now on exhibition in windows. Those who have purchased rugs here at any time during the sale should bring their bills with them in order to participate in the gift.

SATURDAY THE LAST DAY OF THE

....Auction
....Sale of

Rugs

ONLY the finest antique pieces remain to be sold. Now is the last chance to obtain one of those rare and beautiful rugs at your own price.

Sales at 10:30 A.M. And 2:30 P.M.

Today and tomorrow the last days.

H. SARAFIAN & CO., 313 South Broadway.

THOS. B. CLARK, Auctioneer.

Today and tomorrow the last days.

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Have You

Taken advantage of our

SPECIAL SALE

Of Men's \$4.00 Shoes at

\$3.00 a Pair

All toes, all shades, all widths, all sizes. Vici kid or calf skin. Every pair hand sewed. Every pair worth \$4.00. On sale at \$3.00, just to keep business good through July, you know.

HAMILTON & BAKER

239 South Spring.

Tea Sets \$5—\$6 Pieces. And touched off in blue or pink with edges tinted in gold.

Toilet Sets \$2.50—10 Parts. And very fancy with decorations. There are more elaborate ones up to \$10.

And lamps, my, such values as only Martin is able to offer—25c. Furniture exchanged or sold on easy payments. Invalid Chairs and Baby Cabs sold or rented.

I. T. MARTIN, 531 to 535 S. Spring St.

Paines Celer's Compound MAKES People Well.

Keep Cool, Drink—**Hire's** Root Beer